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PEOPLE

THE FORECAST—PARIS  
Aug. 10 (NYT)—Tomorrow  
Aug. 11 (NYT)—Tomorrow  
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Aug. 31 (NYT)—Tomorrow

# INTERNATIONAL Herald Tribune

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PARIS, FRIDAY, AUGUST 11, 1972

Established 1887

## th, Whitelaw cuss Plea to Internment

By Bernard Weintraub

Aug. 10 (NYT)—William Whitelaw, Northern Irish Unionist leader, flew to London today to confer with Prime Minister Harold Wilson and other senior officials about ending internment in Northern Ireland.

g. one day after the first anniversary of the current policy, followed a series of prolonged talks in the week between Mr. Whitelaw and members of the Conservative and Labour parties, which largely represent the Roman Catholic minority.

Members of the party made it clear that the end of internment without trial—a legal weapon viewed by Catholics as one-sided—was a condition to their participation in a vital round-table conference in the autumn to discuss the long-term future of the battered province. Without the party's participation, such a conference would be seriously handicapped.

Knowledgeable sources said that Mr. Whitelaw was now seeking Mr. Heath's approval to phase out internment completely in the next few weeks. Tomorrow Mr. Whitelaw is to return to Belfast to meet the Catholic politicians and report on his sessions with Mr. Heath, Lord Carrington, the defense minister, and other officials.

Definite Problem  
Although Mr. Whitelaw has promised to ease "internment" and has freed 650 men in the last five months, he is facing a delicate security problem over the release of the 283 Catholics still held at the Long Kesh internment camp.

British officials say that paring down the number of internees, seized as suspected terrorists, has now left "the hard core" in the camp. With security precarious in Northern Ireland, officials say, the release of these men would be a major problem.

Officials note, however, that this possibility must be balanced against the demands of the Catholic minority, who view internment as the traditional measure used by Ulster Protestants to suppress them. Internment, under which suspects are confined indefinitely without charge, has been invoked four times in Ulster—in 1922, 1938, 1956 and August 1971.

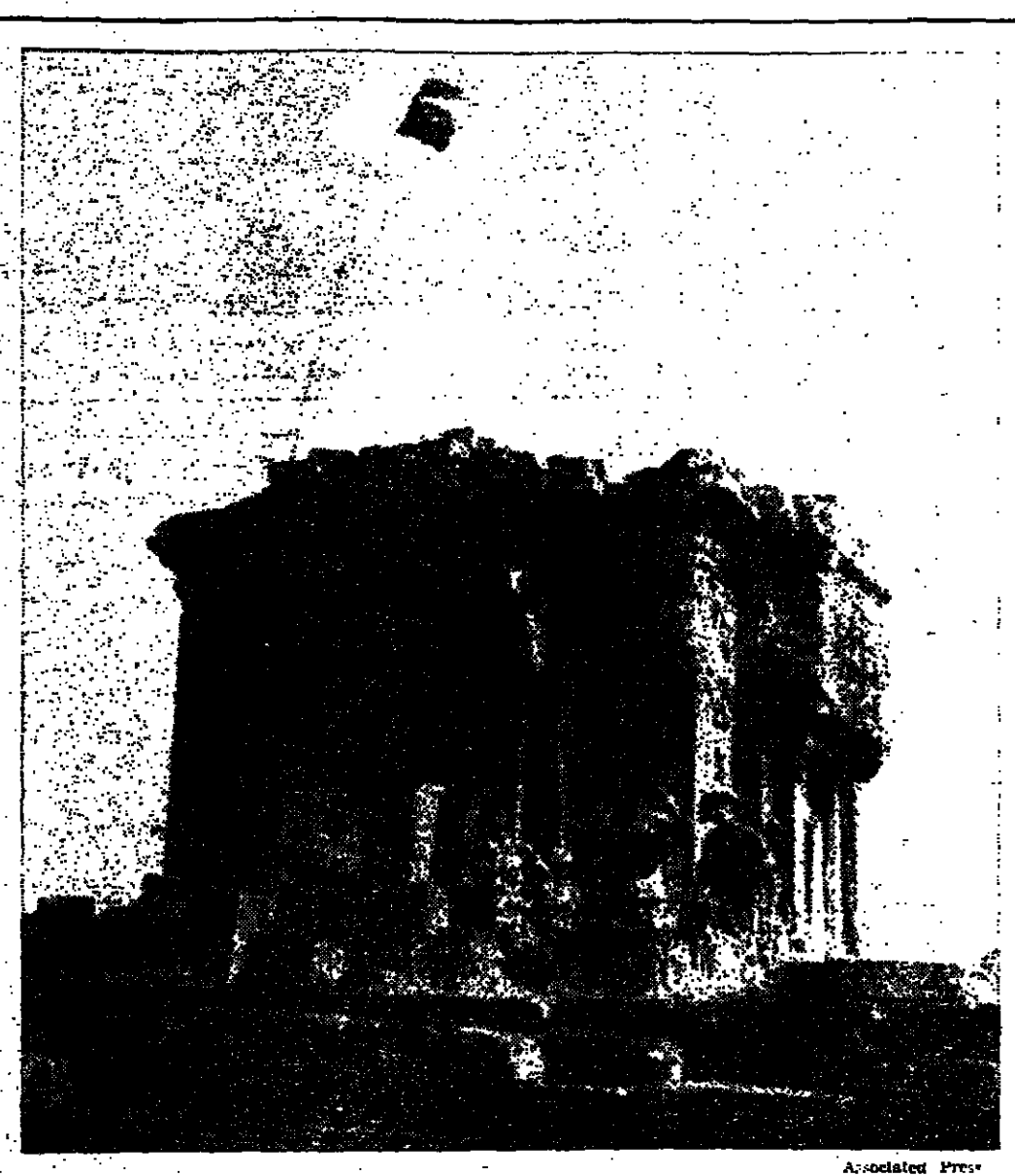
One of the fundamental criticisms of last year's roundups of suspected terrorists was that British Army intelligence was based, in large part, on close ties to the Northern Ireland Police, the Royal Ulster Constabulary. In the past, the Ulster police have tended to confuse civil rights workers, radicals, Socialists and old-time "Republicans" with members of the IRA.

Thus, scores of Catholics with no direct ties to the militant Provisional wing of the IRA had been seized and held. It was these men, together with lesser IRA figures, whom Mr. Whitelaw has released in recent months. "We are now getting down to the dirty stuff," said one British official.

Mr. Whitelaw's meetings, this morning and afternoon, with Mr. Heath and cabinet members also centered on recent demands of the Catholic community in Northern Ireland. These included the withdrawal of British troops from schools and playgrounds in Catholic districts and a step-up of army operations aimed at proving the British claim that the army was an impartial force.

Mr. Whitelaw also discussed the issue of legally held weapons in (Continued on Page 3, Col. 1)

From Heath  
Aug. 10 (AP)—British officials said Mr. Gen. Amin a note Minister Edward day asking him to a decision, or, failing the deadline.



LOOKOUT POST—Cambodian troops keeping watch yesterday from hilltop temple overlooking the Angkor Wat ruins. A tattered Cambodian flag flies in background.

## U.S. Sees Its Soviet Farm Sales Hitting \$1 Billion Within Year

By Bernard Gwertzman

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10 (AP)—The Agriculture Department estimates that the Soviet Union would purchase about a billion dollars worth of farm products from the United States over the next 12 months. This would boost Soviet-American trade to unprecedented heights.

The latest forecast was compiled by top department officials on the basis of talks in recent days with private commercial dealers negotiating with the Russians, as well as from reports from Moscow indicating that the Soviet Union will suffer from a second bad harvest this fall. The spring harvest was called a "disaster" by many officials.

The projection of a billion dollars in sales over the next year goes far beyond the \$200 million in grain which Moscow committed itself to purchase as part of a \$750 million, three-year deal announced by the White House on July 8.

Agriculture Department officials said that about \$500 million of the total billion dollar sales will probably be in wheat, indicating that Moscow was concerned about anticipated shortfalls from its chief crop, vital to the bread supply which is a staple of the Soviet diet.

The rest of the total will probably be in corn, sorghum, rice, barley, oats and soybeans, the Agriculture Department estimated.

Soybeans—A Million Tons  
Department officials said that an American company, Cook Grains of Memphis, Tenn., had just about wrapped up the first soybean sale to the Russians—a million tons, valued approximately at \$100 million.

These products are used in producing animal feeds. Soybeans in particular are valued for their high protein content, useful for the growth of cattle. Under the current Soviet five-year economic plan, Moscow is committed to a 25 percent increase in protein consumption, to be achieved principally through an increase in the amount of meat and dairy products in the Soviet diet.

The large sales to the Soviet Union will cause a severe imbalance in trade between the two countries. Last year, the United States exported about \$125 million to the Soviet Union and imported about half that amount. The disproportionate will grow with the extensive agricultural purchases as well as a step-up in Soviet purchases of American industrial goods.

## Victory for Nixon, 228-178 House Rejects Proposal For Indochina Pullout

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10 (AP)—In a victory for President Nixon, the House of Representatives today rejected, 228-178, a mandate to pull U.S. forces out of the Indochina war by Oct. 1 in return for the release of American prisoners and a limited ceasefire.

Friends and foes of the plan said it would not by itself have forced U.S. forces out of the war. But Mr. Nixon's critics said it would have imposed a new bargaining position on him and registered American discontent.

The House vote removed the pullout provision from a pending \$21-billion foreign military aid bill.

"We're giving the President a blank check for no one knows how long in the future to continue the war," argued Rep. Donald W. Riegle Jr., R., Mich. "We have a right to ask the President to change his terms."

The Democratic whip, Rep. Thomas P. O'Neill Jr. of Massachusetts told the House that the pullout directive probably would never become law if the House approved it but urged support as "an expression of how the American people feel about this war."

Speaker Carl Albert, Okla., and Democratic leader Hale Boggs, La., under heavy pressure from Democratic sponsors of the directive to back it, held to their opposition toward imposing congressional directives on the President and voted against it.

Rep. Boggs called the proposed mandate "a vain and useless thing which could be misinterpreted all around the world."

The defeat of the pullout mandate became certain earlier when House anti-war forces split, with some wanting to change the deadline to Dec. 31 from Oct. 1.

Rep. Charles W. Whitten Jr., R., Ohio, a chief backer of the directive, said his proposal to change the deadline to Dec. 31 was simply more realistic and at the same time would carry it past the November election.

But President Nixon's backers said Rep. Whitten and his supporters were trying to extend the war 90 days to pick up more House votes.

The Dec. 31 deadline was also opposed by war critics, including Rep. Ronald V. Dellums, D., Calif., who argued: "Let us not move this date back but stop this insanity now."

The attempt to change the deadline to Dec. 31 was defeated 304-169.

The pullout provision—subject to the return of all prisoners, a verified accounting of those missing in action, and a limited ceasefire—contrasted with President Nixon's most recent public negotiating offer. This calls for U.S. withdrawal from South Vietnam four months after the release of American prisoners and establishment of an internationally supervised ceasefire throughout Indochina.

ed by Rep. John G. Dow, D., N.Y., who argued that military aid would only prolong the Indochina war.

Speaker Albert said he feared the full military aid bill could be rejected.

But the Foreign Affairs Committee chairman Rep. Thomas E. Morgan, D., Pa., said:

"They'd better take this one if they want any foreign aid bill. This is the straw song as far as I am concerned."

The Senate already has rejected Nixon's military aid request. Rep. Morgan indicated that if the House did the same, foreign aid would be continued on an interim basis.

'Liberated' South Vietnamese  
Report Harsh Red Take-Over  
By Joseph B. Treaster

BONG SON, South Vietnam, Aug. 6 (NYT)—"When the Communists came a lot of people here were very happy," the bony-faced old farmer said bitterly. "Only now, people have had their eyes opened. The Communists made nice speeches. But look at what happened."

In the nearly three months that the Communists held unchallenged control of Bong Son and the rest of northern Binh Dinh Province on the central coast, this quiet farming region, many residents say, was transformed into a harshly regimented work-camp.

In numerous interviews, persons who lived through the occupation have told of public executions, groups of persons being led away, forced labor, enormously high taxes, stiff controls on everyday travel between hamlets and mandatory nightly political lectures.

From the end of April until late July the Communists controlled the northern part of the province without interference from Saigon troops and thus they were able to begin shaping the region in their own mold.

Local Communists replaced the Saigon government, hamlet and village chiefs and immediately began working on plans to defend and finance their communities. They also initiated their system of discipline.

In the view of some U.S. officials, the events in northern Binh Dinh provide a rare picture of the general way in which the Communists would probably proceed in the initial stages of a complete takeover in South Vietnam.

In the three months since the Communists moved in, allied intelligence officials say, 250 to 300 Saigon government officials have been killed and about 6,000 are being held in crude prisons in the forbidding An Lao Valley, which for years has been a Communist stronghold. Among the victims in the executions were several policemen who had worked as counter-intelligence agents, trying to kill and capture key political and military figures in the Communist organization.

Many of the more than 200,000 persons of northern Binh Dinh were shocked by the harshness of the Communists when they took (Continued on Page 2, Col. 7)

## A Change in Policy or Not? Pentagon Wants a Warhead Usable for the First Strike

By Michael Getler

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10 (AP)—The Pentagon acknowledged yesterday that it planned to "go forward" with a program aimed at developing new missile warheads accurate and powerful enough to knock out well protected "hard" targets in the Soviet Union.

Although the decision represents an important turn in U.S. weapons development policy, Pentagon spokesman Jerry W. Friedheim said that the project did not represent any change in American strategy.

Mr. Friedheim said that U.S. policy remains the prevention of war through deterrence and retaliation, and that the United States was "not planning a first-strike force in any sense."

"Hard-target" warheads traditionally have been associated with the idea that they could be used in a surprise first strike to destroy enemy missiles protected in underground concrete and steel silos.

In 1970, the Nixon administration declared that it had no intention of developing this type of weapon "which the Soviets could construe as having first-strike potential."

Research Project  
Yesterday, Mr. Friedheim said that what was now moving ahead was a research and development project and that any decision on actual deployment was still perhaps five years or more away.

He talked of the development of these new weapons as a potential "option" for a U.S. president to attack Soviet underground command centers and nuclear weapons storage areas in the event of war, rather than for use against missile silos.

He said that the project also would make "a strong position" for the United States in the second round of strategic arms discussions later this year—when the United States will press the Russians to limit their multiple warhead deployments—and as a "hedge" against the possible failure of the U.S.-Soviet arms limitation pact.

Asked why the Russians would not construe the U.S. project as a potential first-strike threat, Mr. Friedheim said that it was the policy of the U.S. government not to have such a force.

Superiority Is Aim  
Because the Moscow arms agreement had placed the United States in "a position of essential parity" with the Russians, with respect to numbers of weapons, Mr. Friedheim said, it was essential for the United States "to maintain technological superiority, particularly in our relations with a close society," meaning the Russians.

Although the Pentagon talks about the new warhead development as a possible new option for some future president in the event war breaks out, the project is also just one of several new, controversial and potentially costly programs that are tied to a lingering Pentagon fear.

That fear is that the Russians—despite the treaty limiting rival missile defense systems signed in Moscow on May 26—may quickly or secretly improve their vast anti-bomber defense system into an anti-missile defense.

If that happened, the Pentagon argues, the United States would need more than the 10,000 individual missile and bomber warheads it plans to have in the late 1970s or it will have to make better use of these warheads.

Thus, the Pentagon wants a new maneuverable warhead that can evade enemy defenses so that U.S. missiles, which survive a first strike, can get through to their target—mainly cities and industrial areas.

## 13th Chess Game Is Adjourned

REYKJAVIK, Aug. 10—The 13th game in the world chess championship between champion Boris Spassky, of Russia, and challenger Bobby Fischer, of the United States, adjourned tonight after the Russian, playing white, sealed his 42nd move.

Experts conceded that he had a chance for a draw, but others said that Fischer seemed in position to win the game. A victory would give the challenger an 8-5 lead in the 24-game match. Story and move-by-move record of tonight's play, Page 2.

## Heikal Says Israel Downed 5 Soviet-Piloted Jets in 1970

CAIRO, Aug. 10 (UPI)—Five Russian warplanes were shot down in less than one minute by Israeli Phantom aircraft in a dogfight in 1970, Mohammed Hassan Heikal, editor of the semi-official newspaper Al-Ahram, said today.

It was the first authoritative confirmation from Egypt that Soviet planes had either directly engaged the Israelis or suffered losses defending Egyptian territory.

On Aug. 9, 1970, syndicated columnist Joseph Alsop reported that an air battle had taken place over the Suez Canal the previous Aug. 2, in which four Soviet-piloted MiG-21s were shot down by Israeli Phantoms without a single Israeli loss. The report was confirmed by Israeli Premier Golda Meir some time later.

Mr. Heikal's revelation in his weekly column came one month after President Anwar Sadat ordered all Soviet advisers, including about 400 pilots, to leave Egypt immediately.

In a story last week, Mr. Heikal for the first time also confirmed that Russian pilots had been stationed in Egypt defending the country from Israeli intrusions and flying cover for Russian ships and reconnaissance missions over the U.S. Sixth Fleet, in the Mediterranean.

Under Soviet Command  
Mr. Heikal described how the Russians were shot down in June 1970.

## Study Unit Set Up On Funding Radicals

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10 (Reuters)—President Nixon today set up a commission to recommend ways for providing future government support for the operations of Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty, which broadcast to the Soviet Union and Eastern Europe.

Milton Eisenhower, president emeritus of Johns Hopkins University was named as chairman of the five-member commission. Congress recently authorized \$38 million in the current fiscal year for the operations of the two radios.

Diplomatic observers in Beirut said Mr. Heikal's story could further strain relations between Moscow and Cairo.

The editor also called for a "serious and profound" dialogue between the two countries to discuss future relations. Failure to hold such a conference would affect the "strategic" nature of Egyptian-Soviet friendship.

## Syrian President Says Russians to Stay as Advisers

BEIRUT, Aug. 10 (UPI)—President Hafez Assad of Syria said today that he would not oust Soviet military advisers from his country.

In an interview with Beirut's al-Anwar newspaper, Mr. Assad said: "We consider we need the efforts and services of the Russian experts. They have been working with us for a long time and their work will continue as at present in accordance with contracts concluded between us and the Soviet Union."

Political sources said that there were about 3,000 Soviet experts in Syria helping on air and missile defenses.

## Angela Davis Cost Calif. \$1.25 Million

SAN JOSE, Calif., Aug. 10 (UPI)—The Angela Davis trial and her year in jail cost California \$1.25 million, it was announced yesterday. The 13-week trial ended in acquittal.

Santa Clara County spent \$684,900 for the black militant's security and trial on charges of plotting the Marin County courthouse shooting of 1970. Marin County computed its costs, mostly for security, at \$567,837.

## a Would Ban Beaming nted TV From Space

Aug. 10 (Reuters). The United Nations today called for an international agreement banning beaming of television by satellite dishes in private other countries without consent.

The convention contains the proviso that states which signed it would be able to counteract unlawful broadcasts by using "all the means within their reach," not only on their own territory but also in outer space.

This article would presumably give states the right not only to "jam" broadcasts but to actively interfere with foreign satellites.

Russians can already tune in to foreign radio stations, much to their government's displeasure. Soviet Estonians can also pick up Finnish television.



## Military Planes Airlift Vital Supplies

# Britain Uses Special Strike Powers

LONDON, Aug. 10 (UPI)—The government today ordered military planes to mount an emergency airlift of food and other vital supplies to the Orkney and Shetland Islands.

The airlift was ordered to head off an approaching lack of supplies in the islands north of Scotland, which have been virtually isolated by a nation-wide dock strike shutdown in its 14th day.

Striking longshoremen have refused to load even emergency supplies for the 34,000 islanders.

The Scottish Office said the airlift will fly an initial consignment of 180 tons of flour, cereals, cooking fats and sugar to the Orkneys and Shetlands—sufficient for one week.

"The airlift has become necessary to prevent hardship to the islands as it is clear that even with the non-stop efforts by air firms it would not be possible to transport sufficient quantities of urgently needed essential commodities to the islands," the office said.

Government sources said Prime Minister Edward Heath and key ministers decided this morning not to use troops, at least until next week, in order not to inflame the situation. But they said there appeared little prospect of a return to work for another 10 days.

A joint union-management committee was scheduled to meet again tomorrow in an effort to find a peace formula. But officials said even if it succeeds, it would not be possible to convene a conference of longshoremen's delegates before midweek to vote on the new plan and at least four or five days after that are needed to get the striking dockers back to work.

The airlift to the Orkneys and Shetlands was ordered after pleas for help from the islanders.

One shopkeeper at Lerwick in the Shetlands, said "Eggs and apples still cost about the same as before, although they are disappearing. But there is no point in pushing up their prices because there is very little left anyhow."

In Britain, a National Farmers Union spokesman said "unless animal feedstuff is released from the docks by next week, we shall be in a crisis week."

But aside from imported bananas, oranges and lemons, which have almost disappeared, Britons hardly have noticed the effects of the strike so far.

Dealers at London's Covent Garden market said it is "bulging" with fruit and vegetables, but prices have risen.

A spokesman for the National Association of Meat Traders said that there are meat shortages in New Zealand lamb and South American beef.

"There is no immediate cause for alarm and no need for panic buying," he said.

Spasky's long delay in deciding his sealed move means that he has only 23 minutes for 14 moves tomorrow. Under match rules, each player has two and a half hours to complete 40 moves, and one hour for the next 16 moves.

Spasky was playing with the advantage of the first-move white pieces.

May Queen a Pawn

Fischer is within one square of queening a pawn.

Grand masters had earlier predicted that Fischer would win the game from his superior position on the board and the fact that he was a pawn up on the champion. But Spasky would not give in and Fischer made some moves of doubtful value in the end game.

Spasky, in trouble and facing a possible loss, pondered long over his 40th move, his clock ticking away. Suddenly, he jerked his head up and looked at the clock, then pushed forward his front bishop's pawn with only 35 seconds left.

Fischer took the pawn with his bishop and the crowd waited for Spasky to seal his 41st move.

However, the Russian, not wanting to give Fischer the 23 minutes left on the American's clock, played on.

Aides to the American challenger said Fischer did not know that organizers of the \$250,000 "match of the century" had rejected his demands that they take out the first seven rows of seats and ban children from the hall because they made too much noise unwrapping candy and talking.

"We want no more eating in the main hall, no more cracking candy wrappers," Fischer aide Fred Cramer said. "We're going to have this just like the Met [the Metropolitan Opera in New York] before we're through."

Spasky, down two points—

Love in Prison

Ends at Altar

ROME, Aug. 10 (Reuters)—Marino (Casanova) Vulcano, who is serving a 14-year sentence for killing his mistress, today married the former deputy governor of Rome's Rebubbia Prison, where he was held for a time.

The story of the love affair between Vulcano, 38, and Giuliana Meogrossi, 30, led to her resignation and earned Vulcano his nickname.

They were married in Rome's Queen of Heaven Prison this morning in a civil ceremony.

Rockefeller in Israel

TEL AVIV, Aug. 10 (AP)—Gov. Nelson A. Rockefeller of New York arrived in Israel today with a "message of peace and friendship" from President Nixon to Prime Minister Golda Meir.

The spokesman said that the United States had granted Turkey credit for the planes with some direct contribution by the Turkish government. Delivery of the Phantom was expected to be completed by 1976.

U.S. to Supply Turks

With 40 Phantoms

ANKARA, Aug. 10 (Reuters)—The United States today signed an agreement to supply the Turkish Air Force with 40 Phantom fighter-bombers.

A Turkish defense spokesman said that the planes—the Turkish Air Force's first Phantoms—would make up two squadrons of 18 aircraft each, with four reserve planes.

The spokesman said that the United States had granted Turkey credit for the planes with some direct contribution by the Turkish government. Delivery of the Phantom was expected to be completed by 1976.

MEISTER means "master"

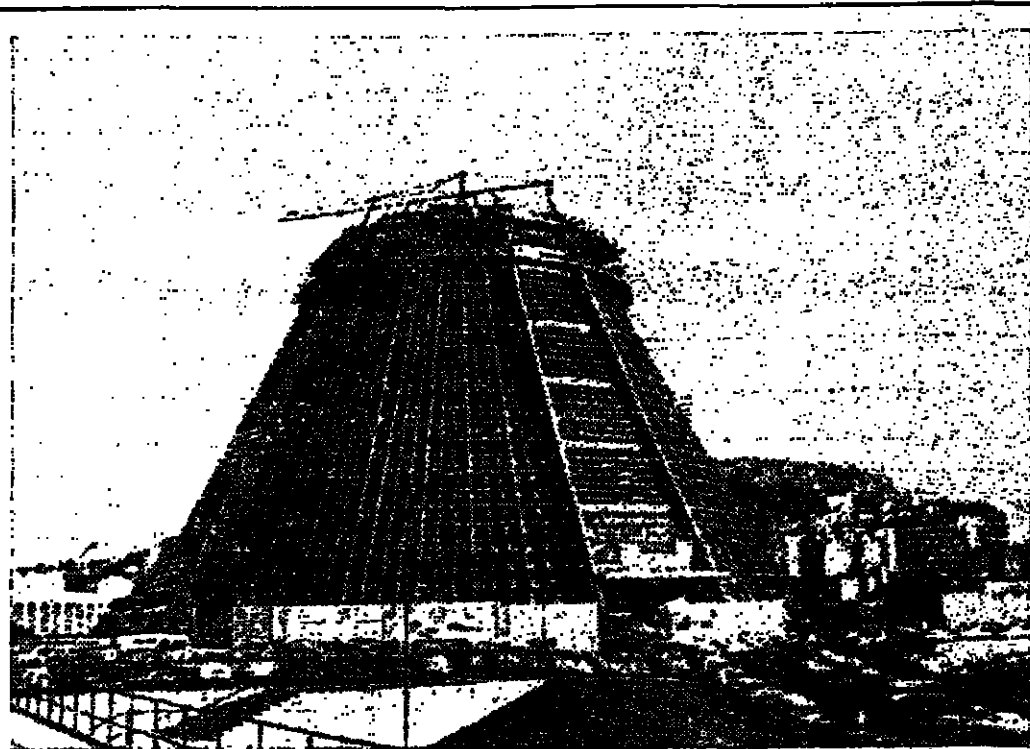
MEISTER WATCHES ZURICH

thirty-three Bahnhofstrasse

a good address for good watches

OMEGA TISSOT AUDEMARS VACHERON

special departments for fine clocks & silver



RIO CATHEDRAL—Workmen add finishing touches to modernistic structure, scheduled for completion next year. It is 20 stories tall and can seat 6,800 people.

## Champion Pressed for Time

# Spasky Fighting for Draw As 13th Game Is Adjourned

REYKJAVIK, Aug. 10 (UPI)—World champion Boris Spasky, fighting to salvage a draw in the 13th game of the world chess championship against Bobby Fischer, tonight played through 41 moves, then thought for half an hour before sealing his next one.

Fischer, seemingly unconcerned that his latest demands had been rejected by organizers, played a strong game. Using an unorthodox defense, he had Spasky in serious trouble in the middle game but the Russian maneuvered into a better position in the end game and grand masters said he had a good chance to preserve a draw.

The game will be resumed tomorrow at 14:30 GMT—earlier than usual because of Fischer's 24-hour Sabbath, which begins at sundown.

Spasky's long delay in deciding his sealed move means that he has only 23 minutes for 14 moves tomorrow. Under match rules, each player has two and a half hours to complete 40 moves, and one hour for the next 16 moves.

Spasky was playing with the advantage of the first-move white pieces.

May Queen a Pawn

Fischer is within one square of queening a pawn.

Grand masters had earlier predicted that Fischer would win the game from his superior position on the board and the fact that he was a pawn up on the champion. But Spasky would not give in and Fischer made some moves of doubtful value in the end game.

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However, the Russian, not wanting to give Fischer the 23 minutes left on the American's clock, played on.

Aides to the American challenger said Fischer did not know that organizers of the \$250,000 "match of the century" had rejected his demands that they take out the first seven rows of seats and ban children from the hall because they made too much noise unwrapping candy and talking.

"We want no more eating in the main hall, no more cracking candy wrappers," Fischer aide Fred Cramer said. "We're going to have this just like the Met [the Metropolitan Opera in New York] before we're through."

Spasky, down two points—

U.S., Hanoi Trade Charges

On Dikes at Talks in Paris

PARIS, Aug. 10 (AP)—The United States and North Vietnam exchanged further accusations about the bombing of dikes at the Vietnam peace talks today, but the U.S. delegate, William J. Foster, said he felt "the tone of the negotiations today was definitely better."

South Vietnam's delegate, Pham Dang Lam, said, however, that "the tone is still at the level of polemics—it was a session for nothing." And a North Vietnamese negotiator said the meeting had produced "no results because the American delegate simply repeated old proposals."

The U.S. spokesman, David Lambertson, said that, in a typical exchange, Mr. Foster had asked Hanoi's delegate to say whether any military installations had been placed on or near dikes.

When the North Vietnamese asked what right Mr. Foster had to ask the question, he said that the North Vietnamese had misled public opinion by stating that there were no military installations on the dikes.

Answer Supplied

Mr. Foster then said: "I will answer the question for you. Yes, you have placed military installations on or near dikes."

The North Vietnamese deputy delegation leader, Nguyen Minh Vy, substituted today for Xuan Thuy, who was reported to be ill.

## The 13th Game

REYKJAVIK, Aug. 10 (AP)—Moves in the thirteenth game of the world chess championship between Soviet titleholder Boris Spasky and American challenger Bobby Fischer:

SPASSKY (White)	FISCHER (Black)
1. P-K4	K1-KB3
2. P-K3	K1-Q4
3. P-Q4	P-Q3
4. K-KB3	P-KK3
5. B-QB4	K1-KB3
6. B-K3	B-K2
7. Q-K1-Q2	O-O
8. P-KB3	P-QB4
9. P-QB4	P-P
Elapsed times: Spasky 34 minutes, Fischer 20 minutes.	
10. P-P	K1-B3
11. O-O	K1-B4
12. Q-K2	K1-K1
Elapsed times: Spasky 38 minutes, Fischer 30 minutes.	
13. K-K4	K1-K4
14. B-K4	K1-B4
15. B-K1	K1-K4
16. B-Q2	P-B3
17. B-K5	P-B3
18. B-K4	P-B4
Elapsed times: Spasky 38 minutes, Fischer 30 minutes.	
19. P-KK4	B-K3
20. K-Q4	B-B5
21. Q-Q2	Q-Q2
Elapsed times: Spasky 34 minutes, Fischer 21 minutes.	
22. Q-Q1	R(B1)-K1
23. P-B4	B-Q4
24. K-QB5	Q-K1
25. Q-B3	P-K3
Elapsed times: Spasky 112 minutes, Fischer 53 minutes.	
26. K-B2	K1-Q2
27. K1-Q3	P-QB4
28. K1-K5	Q-B3
29. K1-Q6	Q-K3
30. P-K3	B-K3
31. P-B3	P-B3
32. P-K3	P-B4
33. P-K3	K-B2
34. B-K5	K1-K4
35. B-K5	P-K4
36. B-K5	P-K4
37. R-KB1	R-B1
Elapsed times: Spasky 172 minutes, Fischer 113 minutes.	
38. B-B6	P-B6
39. P-B4	P-B7
40. P-B4	B-P7
41. P-Q7	B-Q4
42. (Sealed).	

## Cambodia Under 'Major Attack'

# Saigon Troops Lose 21 In Highlands; Red Tan

SAIGON, Aug. 10 (AP)—Enemy infantry overran two South Vietnamese positions in the Central Highlands, field reports said today, while government forces cleared the southern sector of Quang Tri and destroyed 14 North Vietnamese tanks in an air attack outside the northern provincial capital.

The government of Cambodia charged, meanwhile, that it has been the victim of a "major attack" by North Vietnam and declared that the capital, Phnom Penh, may be threatened.

Enemy infantry charged through a South Vietnamese position in the highlands 20 miles southwest of Pleiku yesterday. They scattered 300 or so militiamen, killing 15 of them and wounding 20 more. Ten others are missing.

In simultaneous attacks, Communist-led troops drove out 100 militiamen from the nearby hamlet of Thanh Gioa, killing two government troops and wounding two more.

The North Vietnamese were estimated to have suffered up to 100 dead in subsequent air and artillery strikes.

It was the first major flare-up in the highlands since the North Vietnamese were driven out of the city of Kontum in early June.

South Vietnamese marines on the northern front, making a significant advance for the first time in two weeks, reached the eastern end of a broken bridge across the Thach Han River, which forms the western boundary of Quang Tri.

Only a handful of enemy

snipers remained in the city, South Vietnamese troops said. But a battalion of more than 400 entrenched inside the fortress.

A communist guerrilla force claimed government planes destroyed 1 and four trucks, soldiers in raids against enemy tanks had been since the start of the offensive.

U.S. bombers in more tanks on the field reports and enemy tanks had been since the start of the offensive.

Heavy Reports from I that a series of infantry attacks had been since the start of the offensive.

The U.S. Co that an Air Fo was hit by a during a raid o near Hue yeste in the South.

minutes later r copter.

'Liberated' South Viet

Report Harsh Red Tai

(Continued from Page 1)

over, the interviews indicated. The area has a long history of Communist activity, and many persons have known members of the Communist organization for years.

Some even had relatives fighting with the guerrillas. Memories of mistreatment at the hands of the Communists were few and blurred by time.

On the other hand, everyone could vividly remember the destructive series through the villages by American and South Vietnamese troops with their bombs and artillery.

Otherwise, though, to the peasants here as in some other parts of rural South Vietnam, the government in Saigon was more a name than a reality.

The local officials representing Saigon provided very few services and many of those, the residents say, came only after a bribe.

Sometimes there were nasty scenes with petty officials throwing their weight around. But the officials did not enforce most of the laws and rarely tried to collect the small taxes on income and property.

Optional Attendance

Residents were supposed to tell officials when they were traveling from one village to another, but often they did not and nothing happened. Once in a while there would be a political lecture. Attendance was a matter of choice.

Men between 18 and 38 were eligible for the draft, but bribes and false identification papers kept some in their rice fields.

Sometimes there were sweeps through the villages by Saigon troops or police, and persons who were suspected of having something to do with the Communists were taken away. But, like almost everything else by the Saigon government, this happened much less in the countryside than in the cities.

Under the Communists, there were no bribes and no shortcuts around regulations. The Communists meant business and they used death to dramatically bring home the point.

Le Thi Hong, a thin, delicately boned woman with almond eyes, tells how one evening in May she and her neighbors in Hoa Xuan village were called to the village administrative office by the Communist leader. A militia platoon leader and a deputy hamlet chief were brought before the group, denounced as "criminals" and, as the frightened villagers watched, shot dead.

Next, Mrs. Hong said, the Communists pointed to 20 persons in the crowd—hamlet chiefs, members of the village council and policemen—and said they had committed crimes, too. These persons, she said, were told they would be punished with 20 to 30 years in prison and were led away. Mrs. Hong said her husband, the chief of Thach Han hamlet, had been taken away earlier.

As Saigon government troops disrupt the Communist occupation, many stories like Mrs. Hong's are being told in refugee camps, along the roadides and in the hamlets abandoned by the Communists.

In the heavy four weeks, since Saigon troops started a counter-offensive to recapture northern Binh Dinh, roughly 130,000 persons

have broken or

Allied officials still more who to get away, several thousand stay with the

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But some of South Vietnam that the peopl a commitment to the safe return, rather they depend

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## Program Is Target Passes Spending Bill aces a Veto by Nixon

By Austin Scott

N. Aug. 10 (WP).—The House of Representatives passed a \$2.5 billion bill yesterday for the Labor and Health, Education and Welfare Department.

The bill, which would increase the federal deficit by \$2.5 billion, was passed by a vote of 285-147.

The bill would increase the federal deficit by \$2.5 billion, which would increase the federal deficit by \$2.5 billion.

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DISASTER AREA—Housing and Urban Development Secretary George Romney touring flood-damaged area in Wilkes Barre, Pa., Wednesday to get first-hand view of the situation. The U.S. Senate has voted to increase relief for the disaster victims.

## Wives' Debate? Eleanor Offers To Combat Pat

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10 (AP).—Eleanor McGovern, the wife of the Democratic candidate for president, Sen. George McGovern, said yesterday she is ready to debate Pat Nixon.

Mrs. McGovern, a 'debater' in her school days, said 'I think I would debate with Mrs. Nixon. I certainly wouldn't back away from it.' The First Lady had been asked Tuesday in an interview if she was willing to hold a debate. 'I heard she didn't want to debate,' Mrs. Nixon said, laughing.

## Laird Calls McGovern Plan For Defense Cut 'Mythology'

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10 (AP).—Secretary of Defense Melvin R. Laird issued a lengthy document today which accused Sen. George McGovern of disseminating 'mythology' in his defense spending proposal.

The document, titled 'The Economics of Defense Spending—A Look at the Realities,' will be a basic Pentagon document in the Nixon administration's campaign to counter critics of defense policies and win congressional appropriations this fall.

Sen. McGovern, the Democratic presidential nominee, has proposed a \$55-billion defense budget for fiscal 1975—compared with a minimum of \$85 billion he figures the Pentagon would want by then—saying this can be done without

## Democrats Adopt Compromise To Bar Fight Over Committee

By William Chapman

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10 (WP).—The Democratic party maintained its new spirit of compromise yesterday by adopting a potentially divisive dispute over control of its most influential committee.

The compromise was worked out by supporters of Democratic presidential nominee George S. McGovern and some elements that have opposed him and are interested in regaining control of the party machinery if he loses the presidential election this fall.

At stake were eight positions on the Executive Committee, which eventually will have 25 members and which is the top policy-making body when the full

National Committee is not meeting.

A proposal emerging from the McGovern-dominated Resolutions Committee would have made the eight persons who now fill the contested positions permanent members of the committee and would have helped McGovern forces maintain control of the matter.

Robert Vance of Alabama and former Gov. Robert McNair of South Carolina objected to making them permanent members.

McGovern aides, anxious to avoid a floor fight this week, agreed to a compromise. The eight members will serve only until after the election this fall when eight new ones will be chosen.

In private conversations, neither side agreed that delaying the selection of permanent members will make much difference. But those who controlled the party machinery before the McGovern nomination and the election of a new National Committee believe that they will have a better chance of recapturing control after the November election if Sen. McGovern loses.

Sen. McGovern's forces estimate that they have the support of about 40 percent of the National Committee's 278 members. They would be hard pressed to control the party apparatus if Sen. McGovern lost this fall.

The National Committee yesterday afternoon adjourned its three-day meeting, which was called to elect Sargent Shriver as Sen. McGovern's running mate, replacing Sen. Thomas F. Eagleton of Missouri.

Sen. McGovern's forces estimate that they have the support of about 40 percent of the National Committee's 278 members. They would be hard pressed to control the party apparatus if Sen. McGovern lost this fall.

Disturbed by the Eagleton affair and the hasty way in which vice-presidential candidates are chosen, the committee also voted to create a commission to recommend new ways of selecting nominees for second place on the ticket.

Study Is Urged  
The resolution said that 'the nomination for vice-president should be made by the national convention only after a careful study by the certified delegates.'

Sen. McGovern had chosen Sen. Eagleton at Miami Beach only 20 minutes before the deadline and a few hours before the convention was supposed to ratify the choice.

The new commission will be provided with funds, office space and a staff by the National Committee. It is to make its recommendations by Jan. 1, 1974.

Donald Petrie, the party's new treasurer, reported yesterday that a fund-raising telethon staged just before the convention this year will produce about \$2 million when all the pledges are collected.

TV Debate Call  
MANCHESTER, N.H., Aug. 10 (AP).—Sen. George McGovern today began his first major campaign trip in his presidential campaign by challenging President Nixon to a series of televised debates.

He thinks his own record is better than the changes I propose, why is he afraid to defend that record in face-to-face debates? Sen. McGovern asked in a statement handed to newsmen on the trip here from Washington. He was beginning a two-day visit to Manchester, Hartford, Conn., Providence, R.I., and New York City.

In Washington, the White House rejected Sen. McGovern's call for televised debates. The presidential press secretary said that there was no change in an earlier statement by Clark MacGregor, the President's campaign manager, that Mr. Nixon would not engage in the proposed debates. Mr. MacGregor was responding to an earlier debate call by Sen. McGovern.

## Kennedy Sues To Reverse Pocket Veto

Asks Court to Clarify  
Constitutional Point

By James M. Naughton

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10 (NYT).—Sen. Edward M. Kennedy, D. Mass., initiating a test of a President's pocket-veto powers, asked a district court here yesterday to order the Nixon administration to implement a \$225-million program to educate family doctors.

President Nixon used a pocket veto to kill the Family Practice of Medicine Act on Dec. 24, 1970, while Congress was on a four-day Christmas break. The bill had been approved by the Senate, 64 to 1, and by the House, 346 to 2.

The senator said that he filed the lawsuit because Mr. Nixon's veto had been 'a transparent but unconstitutional attempt to prevent an embarrassing vote by Congress to override a regular veto,' which would have required a two-thirds vote in each house.

At issue is whether Presidents may properly exercise pocket veto authority when Congress is out of session for only a few days.

Ambiguity Noted  
The Constitution provides that a bill will become law if it is not signed or formally vetoed by a President within 10 days after he receives it from Congress, but that a measure will die—by that is called a pocket veto—if Congress is adjourned when the 10-day period elapses. The Constitution is ambiguous about whether a short holiday break represents an adjournment.

Sen. Kennedy and Sen. Sam Ervin, D., N.C., persuaded Congress to appropriate \$100,000 for the program, but the Department of Health, Education and Welfare has declined to spend the funds.

The expectation was that the district court's decision will be appealed and that eventually the Supreme Court will settle the constitutional issue.

## Grocer Speculates on New Value Of Instant History Memorabilia

LIBERTY, N.Y., Aug. 10 (AP).—David Friedland, a 40-year-old grocer with a speculator's streak, has taken a flyer on 7,000 McGovern-Eagleton bumper stickers, 100,000 lapel tags and 99,000 buttons.

He bought up the full inventory of McGovern-Eagleton advertising items last week from Votes Unlimited, a subsidiary of Ross Industries, of Ferndale, N.Y. The inventory also included 1,000 pens and 1,000 catalogues listing available McGovern-Eagleton artifacts.

Since Sen. George McGovern dropped Sen. Thomas F. Eagleton, of Missouri, as his running mate, the Ross switchboard had been swamped with calls asking to buy.

Useless as campaign goods, the Eagleton supplies suddenly had become collector's items. Ross sold the batch to Mr. Friedland at an undisclosed price so the firm could handle regular business—campaign materials with a new set of names.

'I'm a collector of sorts,' said Mr. Friedland. 'I took a gamble that it would become a collector's item.'

So far, business is pretty good. Mr. Friedland sold orders have come from as far away as the state of Washington.

The Smithsonian Institution has ordered five copies of each item for display and cataloging, he said, and added: 'Eagleton himself has purchased a quantity.'

## House Panel Refuses to Call Jane Fonda on Hanoi Trip

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10 (AP).—The House Internal Security Committee refused today to subpoena actress Jane Fonda to testify about her anti-war activities while in Hanoi.

Instead, it decided to ask the attorney general to report to the committee by Sept. 14 on the progress of a Justice Department inquiry into Miss Fonda's actions in North Vietnam.

During an hour-long closed session, the committee set aside a request by Rep. Fletcher Thompson, R., Ga., that Miss Fonda be subpoenaed to appear before the panel, for questioning about 'the entire realm of her activities while in the enemy capital of Hanoi and in Communist North Vietnam.'

Rep. Richard H. Ichord, D., Mo., chairman of the basically conservative committee, told a reporter yesterday that Miss Fonda 'obviously was being used by the North Vietnamese.'

Rep. Robert F. Drinan, D., Mass., a committee member who has repeatedly fought the panel's investigative activities, said he would oppose any attempt to force Miss Fonda to submit to questioning if it meant that Rep. Thompson, who is running this year for the Senate, would use the sessions as a publicity device.

On July 18, Rep. Thompson said in a House speech that according to radio reports Miss Fonda was 'calling upon the American service personnel to disobey the orders of the U.S. government and, indeed, to desert and to turn themselves in to the North Vietnamese.'

Rep. Thompson added: 'Mr. Speaker, declared war, undeclared war, police action, whatever it may be—if the report is true, this is treason, and it is time that this government took some action against people such as Jane Fonda who have given aid and comfort to our enemy...'

Judge in New York  
Jailed in Theft Case  
NEW YORK, Aug. 10 (AP).—A former state senator who was elected to be a judge last November was sentenced to a year in prison and fined \$10,000 Tuesday for dealing in stolen U.S. Treasury bills.

Seymour R. Thaler, a Queens Democrat who served in Albany for 13 years, was convicted last March of lying to a federal grand jury and trafficking in \$800,000 worth of bills, \$250,000 of which were sold.

Thaler, 52, was elected to the state supreme court and sworn in early this year, but did not take up his judicial duties pending disposition of the charges against him.

Thaler said he was 'rooting for Willy Brandt' in the West German general elections, tentatively scheduled for Dec. 3. 'I would always welcome the counsel of your chancellor in international questions. I admire this man. His efforts to reach an understanding with the East are the first steps away from a military confrontation. I am prepared to take this path with him,' Sen. McGovern said.

## Boston Tornado Kills 1

BOSTON, Aug. 10 (Reuters).—A tornado swept through suburban areas of Boston yesterday, causing one death and substantial damage. The twister cut a five-mile-long swath through Brookline and Newton, where a 14-year-old girl was electrocuted by a snapped power line which fell into a swimming pool.

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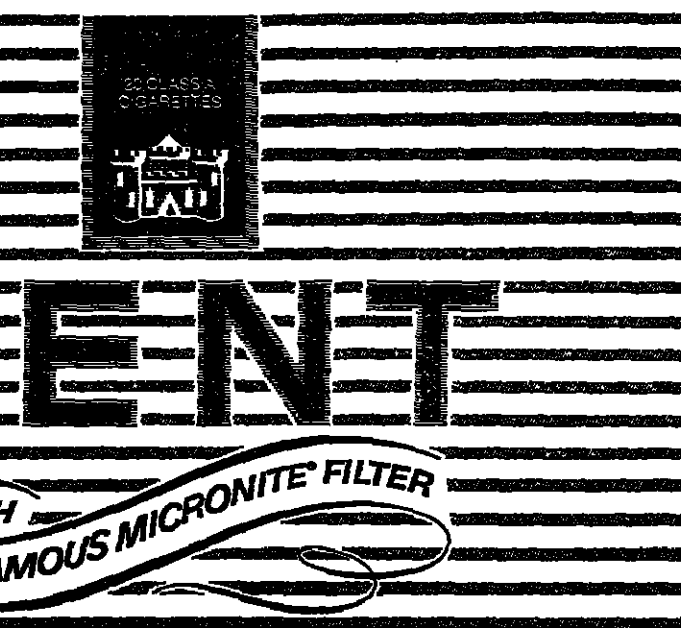
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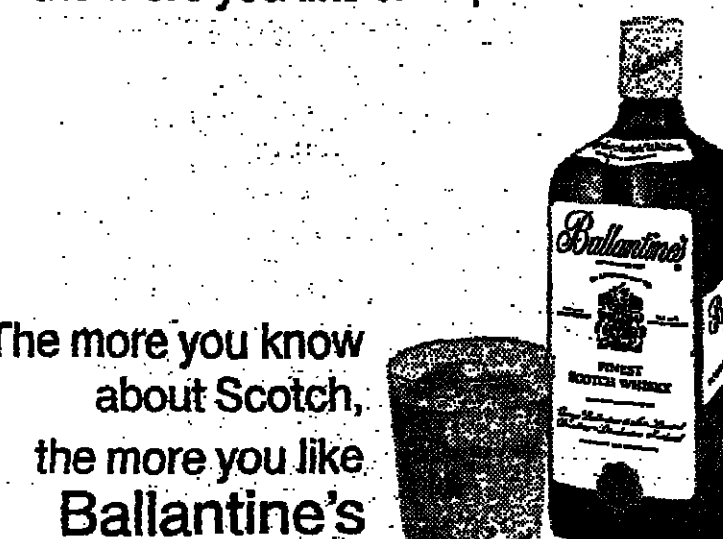
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## Wembley Bank Robbed

LONDON, Aug. 10 (Reuters).—An armed gang robbed a Barclays Bank branch in suburban Wembley of almost £140,000 today after terrorizing customers and holding two women at gunpoint.

The six-man gang fired a warning shot inside, battered down a door with sledgehammers and fled in a stolen truck.

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## At Meeting of Military Commanders

## India, Pakistan Agree on Way to Align Kashmir

NEW DELHI, Aug. 10 (Reuters).—Indian and Pakistani military commanders agreed today on procedures to draw the line of control along the ceasefire line in Kashmir, it was announced tonight.

The agreement was reached in the first day of talks between the military officials.

According to the peace agreement last month at Simla, the two sides are to respect the ceasefire line in Kashmir as of last Dec. 17—when the Indian-Pakistan war ended—pending a final Kashmir settlement.

But Pakistan occupied two posts in the Tithwal area in a short battle last May, and India wants them vacated, along with the withdrawal of troops from lands occupied along the border.

The two sides, led by Lt. Gen.

P.S. Bhagat of India and Lt. Gen. Hamid Khan of Pakistan, met for five hours at a border checkpoint named Suchetgarh. The officials were expected to agree on a timetable for troop withdrawals.

The Simla agreement provides for troops to withdraw by Sept. 2. India occupies more than 5,000 square miles of Pakistani territory, while Pakistan holds just over 70 square miles of Indian territory.

In Rawalpindi, President Zulfikar Ali Bhutto of Pakistan said that China would block Bangladesh's application to join the United Nations and he ruled out imminent recognition by Pakistan of the newly independent state. Formerly East Pakistan, it was the focus of the war last year.

Mr. Bhutto said at a news con-

ference that all of Pakistan's attempts to establish a dialogue with Sheikh Mujibur Rahman, Prime Minister of Bangladesh, had failed.

"I can tell you emphatically that the doors of the UN will be closed," Mr. Bhutto said.

Asked if he meant China's veto, he said: "It is the Chinese government, the People's Republic of China, I was referring to."

At the United Nations tonight the Security Council referred to its committee on admissions the application of Bangladesh for membership, overriding strong objections by China.

The committee, comprising all 15 council members, will meet tomorrow to consider the application.

Opposing the opening of substantive debate on the admission

application, Ambassador Huang Hua of China said Bangladesh had violated General Assembly and Security Council resolutions and was "still collaborating with India in continuing to obstruct the implementation" of resolutions concerning the withdrawal of troops and the release of prisoners from last year's war.

India—a council member—had not only failed to carry out "true withdrawal of its troops" but was colluding with "so-called Bangladesh" in unreasonably detaining more than 80,000 Pakistani prisoners of war and civilians and refusing to release them," Mr. Huang said.

## Six Pakistani Officers Accused of War Plot

KARACHI, Pakistan, Aug. 10.—A major general and five other high officers of the Pakistani Army have been charged with plotting a civil war and have been retired, Rafi Raza, special assistant to President Zulfikar Ali Bhutto announced today. He said the officers had conspired last Dec. 20, two days before Mr. Bhutto took office.

The officers were identified as Maj. Gen. R. D. Shamim, Brig. F. B. Akram, Brig. Iqbal Mehd, Col. Abdul Aleem Afridi, Col. Jawaid Iqbal, and Lt. Col. Mohammed Khurshid.

A court of enquiry reported: "The cease-fire with India was only two days old, and if a confrontation had taken place, then the... Indian Army... undoubtedly could have taken full advantage."

Several officers in the army, navy and air force were retired soon after Mr. Bhutto succeeded Mohammed Yahya Khan as president after the war with India in December.

## New Flu Vaccine Developed by U.S. Scientists

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10 (WP).—U.S. government scientists yesterday reported the development of a new type of influenza vaccine that could end epidemics of the potentially deadly disease.

They predicted that the vaccine, which was tested on prisoners at the Lorton Reformatory here and at the Maryland House of Correction in Baltimore, may be perfected by the late 1970s.

The new type of vaccine uses live but weakened viruses to provide protection against the flu. Vaccines currently being used, which are not considered very effective, contain viruses that have been killed.

Scientists at the National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases here performed a laboratory trial to produce an immune response to the flu with the live viruses without causing the disease.

The trick involves creating a hybrid virus that cannot stand the heat of the human lungs, where it could cause influenza.

This hybrid, however, thrives in the lower temperatures of the nose and throat, where it produces protection against the flu.

The new vaccine was given to the prisoners as a nasal spray instead of an injection.

## RAF Collision; 3 Die

LONDON, Aug. 10 (Reuters).—Two Royal Air Force student pilots died today in a mid-air collision and a woman on the ground was killed by wreckage from one of the planes.

The Hunter jet fighters collided above a village in Anglesey off the Welsh coast, showering wreckage onto a caravan site.



Walter Botts and celebrated poster he posed for in 1938.

## Obituaries

## Walter Botts, 72, 'Uncle Sam' In Famous Recruiting Poster

SAN JUAN CAPISTRANO, Calif., Aug. 10 (WP).—Walter Botts, 72, who posed as Uncle Sam for the famous World War II "I-Want-You" recruiting poster, died yesterday at his home here after a brief illness.

Mr. Botts was a musician and vocalist after brief service in the Army during World War I and was augmenting his income as an artist's model when he posed for the Uncle Sam poster by James Montgomery Flagg in 1938.

The poster, similar to one used for recruiting during World War I, has been in almost continuous use since it was first printed.

In semiretirement for several years, Mr. Botts came to public notice again last year when his claim for a World War I veterans pension was rejected by the Veterans Administration on the grounds that he had not served sufficient time in the Army.

Ernest Von Salomon

BONN, Aug. 10 (NYT).—Ernest von Salomon, 69, a West German author, died of heart failure at his home near Hamburg yesterday.

After World War II, during which he wrote nonpolitical books and film scripts, Mr. von Salomon wrote a highly regarded autobiography, "The Questionnaire," referring to the detailed forms put before Germans by the Allied occupation forces after Germany's defeat in World War II.

Earlier, he served five years at hard labor, 1922 to 1927, for taking part in a successful rightist plot to murder Walter Rathenau, Germany's post-World War I foreign minister.

James D. Carpenter

UPPER MONTCLAIR, N.J., Aug. 10 (NYT).—James D. Carpenter, 87, a noted New Jersey lawyer and former government official, died yesterday at his summer home in Hayward, Wis.

Mr. Carpenter, for many years a member of the Newark law firm of Carpenter, Bennett and Morrissey, served the government in two major posts.

In World War I, he was U.S. Commissioner for the Jersey City District, a quasi-judicial post in which he presided over cases involving violations of federal law.

In 1933, he was named a special assistant to the attorney general of New Jersey to prosecute racketeers in Passaic, a task he pursued vigorously despite threats to the safety of his family.

Bernhard Nordh

UPPSALA, Sweden, Aug. 10 (AP).—Swedish author Bernhard Nordh, 75, died yesterday at his home here.

Nordh, 72, died yesterday at his home here. The best known of Mr. Nordh's books were about life in Lapland. He lived for many years with the settlers there and no one has better described the problems in northern Sweden. He made the nation aware of the economic problems of the region.

In Germany, one of Mr. Nordh's books sold 300,000 copies. He wrote 30 novels, of which four were made into films.

Joseph L. Albright

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10 (WP).—Joseph L. Albright, 79, a pioneer in the development of aerial photography, died Tuesday at a hospital here.

He served for 42 years as deputy chief of the Air Force's Photo Records and Services Division before his retirement in 1961. He worked closely with Gen. Ira Eaker and Gen. Billy Mitchell, who was using photography to build up air power.

Mr. Albright became widely recognized for his movies and still pictures of air races during the 1920s and 1930s. He also took time from his duties to make portrait photographs of important figures.

He did President Roosevelt's Christmas cards for three years.

Pierre Chevalier

GENEVA, Aug. 10 (Reuters).—The United Nations European Headquarters here today announced the death yesterday of its press chief, Pierre Chevalier, 52, of France, after a short illness.

Mr. Chevalier was a journalist in Bordeaux for 10 years before joining the UN in 1955.

He served in New York, Kinshasa and Geneva, where he has been in charge of the press services of the UN Information Department since 1970.

John Perry

OAK HARBOR, Wash., Aug. 10 (AP).—Retired Navy Vice-Adm. John Perry, 75, skipper of the aircraft carrier Belleau Wood during World War II, died Monday after a lengthy illness. Adm. Perry also served in the Korean war and retired in 1959 as commander of Fleet Air Base Whidbey Island, Wash.

Princess Aspasia

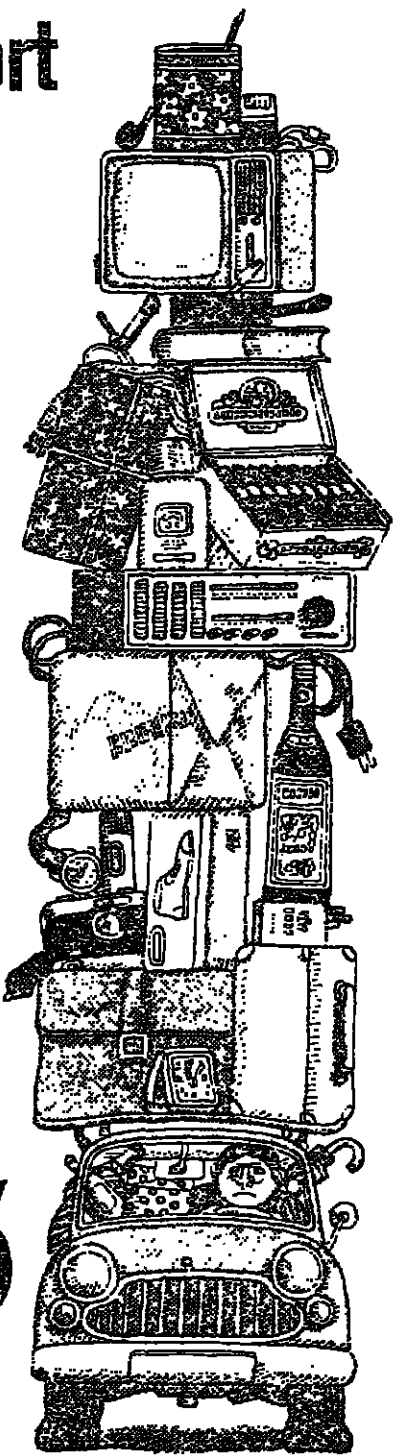
VENICE, Aug. 10 (Reuters).—Princess Aspasia, 75, an aunt of King Constantine of Greece and mother of former Queen Alexandra of Yugoslavia, died here Monday after a two-month illness. She lived in Venice for many years.

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U.S. Colleges Will Try to  
British Open University

NEW BRUNSWICK, N.J., Aug. 10 (AP).—U.S. higher education turns this fall to Britain's open university in its search for a quality independent study program usable on a nationwide scale.

British educational material developed at the cost of several million dollars for the so-called open university will be tested at four sites in the United States. The program uses radio, television, tape cassettes and the printed word to deliver a college-level education through home study.

Sponsors say that the goal of the yearlong experiment is to make higher education available "to all who can benefit from it" without placing any formal academic requirements for entry into the program.

If the experiment is successful, said Arland F. Chris-Jener, president of the College Entrance Examination Board of New York City, "great savings in time and money may be possible."

As in Britain, the American experiment will offer college credit to those students who successfully complete the open university courses.

Most Ambitious  
Rutgers, the state university of New Jersey, is undertaking the most ambitious program. Tests sites include also the University of Houston, University of Maryland and San Diego State College and University.

Dr. Jessie C. Hartline, acting dean of Rutgers University College, who will head the program, said that 38 weeklong courses in the humanities, mathematics and science will be offered. They will equal five regular college

courses and will be worth college credits. Each costs \$300, and books and more.

"This is not an easy get a college degree," Hartline said in an interview. "It is not easy material, who gets too far he finds it difficult to do."

Dr. Hartline said the program would give the student the opportunity to learn when they were many good students in a classroom and make those who need it.

Independent  
As in Britain, Dr. Hartline said, about 50 percent of the time will be spent in study assisted by video supplements and use of tape, film, a video.

In the study of, for example, a student would spend about a single, concentrated play. Later the student would develop a judicious criticism.

In a workbook, he proposed to students' independent, then will answer questions that will school for approval.

"In this way," said, "the student will keep track of his progress. The student will be visiting a campus. He will be able to see a film of the play will be available."

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## Arms Control in the Senate

The U.S. Senate has overwhelmingly approved the treaty with the Soviet Union limiting its defensive missile installations. But it has now become embroiled in what an administration official has called "the damndest political foul-up you ever saw" over the interim agreement on offensive missile controls. Sen. Jackson won White House backing for a resolution defining an interpretation of the agreement, then a disavowal of a clause of the resolution (which led to its recasting), and now a further disavowal of Sen. Jackson's interpretation of the interpretation.

The administration has its own responsibility for this foul-up. But the Senate is quite capable of muddying its own waters, as the coincidental debate on another form of arms control—weapons in the hands of Americans at large—reveals.

The Senate has approved a measure that would ban the manufacture and sale of short-barreled handguns—the usually cheap and always easily concealed weapon that has been responsible for so many murders and shootings in the United States, including the assassination of Robert Kennedy and the crippling of Gov. Wallace. But the bill has been very carefully tailored to insure that the bill will not interfere with "lawful sporting purposes," as well as with the needs of police and military, and it has exempted

22 caliber rim-fire cartridges from existing reporting requirements. Moreover, and more importantly, the Senate has massively rejected attempts to provide for the national registration of handguns and/or rifles.

Quibbling over the size of guns and make of cartridges does not constitute statesmanship. Neither does the flat refusal to require national registration of firearms. Such registration would not interfere with any "lawful sporting purposes" or with the constitutional guarantee to citizens of the right to bear arms. Automobiles, only potentially lethal, are registered in every state; the requirements vary, but not nearly as much as those applying to the purchase, ownership and use of weapons whose whole intent is to be lethal to something or someone. The need for a federal registration law in this case is obvious—except to the Senate.

A legislative body that can become so entangled in such elementary weaponry as pistols and rifles may be excused for confusion when weapons of mass destruction are concerned. But if the Senate insists, as it is doing more and more, and as its constitutional duty requires it to do, on its right to be consulted on matters of defense policy, and to have a decisive voice on such complex affairs, it must develop a capacity to cope. Thus far, the present Senate has not displayed this capacity on arms control, foreign or domestic.

## 'Vanishing' Taiwan

The United Nations, which took a great leap forward toward recognizing reality last fall when it finally admitted the People's Republic of China, has retrogressed into absurdity again with its decision to ban all mention of Taiwan "in any form whatsoever."

Bowing to the demands of the Peking delegation, UN officials have decreed that there will be no text or tables dealing with Taiwan's population, trade, industry or any other data in future editions of the world organization's statistical yearbook. This is wholly inconsistent with past policy when figures for China (mainland) were included, as available, in the yearbook, although the Peking government was not then a member of the UN. The ruling ignores other precedents such as the listing of West Irian separately from Indonesia, and of Sarawak separately from Malaysia.

Whatever the future of Taiwan, now that its government has been expelled from the UN, the reality is that there remains a

going, independent government there ruling more than 14 million people, a population larger than that of two-thirds of the UN member states.

An international statistical summary that ignores this living reality is diminished in its authority—and so is the agency that issues it. But the UN has not stopped with relegating Taiwan to the status of a non-country. UN authorities have even stooped to the Communist device of trying to rewrite history. At UN headquarters here, a plaque identifying the Republic of China as donor has been removed from a green marble slab containing a quotation from Confucius.

Such petty manipulation cannot erase the substantial contributions of the Republic of China to a quarter-century of UN history. Nor will ignoring Taiwan erase the problem its future status poses for the governments in Taipei and Peking and for the international community. To be effective, the UN must deal with things as they are, not as any member would prefer to see them.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

### International Opinion

#### Egypt and the Soviets

Sooner or later Cairo and Moscow will probably arrive at a *modus vivendi*. But it is evident that the new relationship will rest on a shaky foundation. Basically Sadat's move was primarily a warning signal, telling the Russians: "You can't do whatever you like with Egypt. If you don't serve our interests, we won't serve yours." Thus the relationship became unstable. But for the present it continues, with Cairo doubtless wanting to keep it going until the time when some other friend—and it can only have the Americans in mind—is prepared not only to supplant Soviet economic aid but also to help the Egyptians regain the Israeli-occupied territories. Seen in this light the expulsion of the Soviets was also a signal to the Americans, more or less saying: "We're in a position to throw the Russians out, but if we are to do a complete job of it, we must get something in return."

—From *Neue Zürcher Zeitung* (Zurich).

#### Uganda's Expulsion of Asians

As Kenya seals its borders against an influx of Asians from Uganda, the president should consider, before it is too late, the benefits which accrue to the Ugandan economy from their presence. No doubt it is partially true, as he says, that the importation of Asians into Africa—to among other things—build Britain's railways there was a mixed blessing for all concerned. Certainly in subsequent decades many of the Asians have been tactless—to put it no higher—in concentrating in what have been virtually ghettos, set apart from the mainstream of African life. There they have tended to perpetuate their primordial Asian social customs; and in business no doubt they have tended to favor each other.

Yet against these demerits, which are considerable sins in African eyes (although people throughout the world tend to behave in such a clannish way), must be set the

enormous contribution of the Indians and other Asians to the economies of East Africa. The Asians cannot help existing where they do and it is absurd and illogical to argue that because they usually prosper others correspondingly suffer.

—From the *Daily Telegraph* (London).

#### Trial in Czechoslovakia

The limited information available suggests that severe sentences have been passed on Communists and others engaged in political activities arising from their political differences with the Czechoslovak government. Such differences should be dealt with by political means and not by trials and imprisonment.

There has still been no detailed information on the case against the accused or the evidence on which they have been convicted. This only increases the concern already expressed by Communists in other countries, including France, Italy and Britain.

—From the *Morning Star* (London).

#### A Newcomer to Election Battles

It remains to be seen whether, and to what extent, the Democrats' election chances have been enhanced by Sargent Shriver's nomination for the vice-presidency. His appearance is youthful and attractive. In contrast to McGovern he is a Catholic, and he will probably be in a position to drum up in the Kennedy camp some of the liquid financing so urgently needed by the Democratic campaign fund. The somewhat Boy Scout-like idealism which was an asset to Shriver during his Peace Corps days, and which reportedly brought him into numerous conflicts with diplomatic etiquette during his ambassadorial period in Paris, is still one of his outstanding traits. Election campaigns are strange territory to him, so that his future performance is impossible to predict.

—From *Neue Zürcher Zeitung* (Zurich).

### In the International Edition

#### Seventy-Five Years Ago

August 11, 1897

PARIS.—For simple spectators like Europeans, the work on which Emperor Menelik of Ethiopia is engaged is threefold: It includes the exclusion of foreigners from his dominions, the cohesion of the elements which form his kingdom and the development of civilization among his people. The "Lion of the Tribe of Judah," while a faithful depository of ancient monarchial traditions, is modern in his conceptions of the nations which are contemporary with him.

#### Fifty Years Ago

August 11, 1922

SHANGHAI.—The scene of activities has shifted from Northern China to the south, and the government of Peking, having for the moment subdued opposition in the north, has now finally crushed the power of Dr. Sun Yat Sen, the ex-president of the Canton Republic. Following the defeat of his two most powerful supporters, General Hu Ching-chih and General Chen Chia-yu by General Chen Ching-ming's forces, the latter is now complete master of Southern China.



## What Chance for Arab Unity?

By Richard Holbrooke

WASHINGTON.—Arab unity. Whenever two Arab leaders meet, they talk about it. And whenever two Arab leaders take a step toward it, the news is broadcast throughout the world. Some see it as a step towards a thousand-year-old dream, others as a dangerous threat to Israel. Now the dream has reappeared with the news from Baghdad that Libya and Egypt plan to merge in the fall of 1973. Once again there is talk of Arab unity, of the potential of an Arab nation.

After spending two years in the westernmost outpost of the Arab world, Morocco, I came away with the view that Arab unity exists at one level—the level of the soul—but that unification will not take place in the near or even long-run future because it so strains logic and the realities of geography, history, race and even language.

To begin with, no one can say with certainty what an Arab is. There is no legal definition. The famed Harvard scholar, E. E. Schattschneider, once defined Arabs as "all those for whom the central fact of history is the mission of Mohammed and the memory of the Arab Empire and who, in addition, cherish the Arabic tongue and its cultural heritage as their common possession."

That's a careful and broad definition, but by its very nature it demonstrates the problem: It is as broad as a definition of a "European" and about as useful politically. And it leaves unresolved such questions as whether the Arabic-speaking Christians of Egypt and Lebanon or the Arabic-speaking Jews of Iraq in fact qualify as Arabs. Indeed, are Egyptians even Arabs?

#### Distinction Made

The best answer, as former Ambassador Raymond Hare points out, is that if a man says he is an Arab, then he is an Arab. Ambassador Hare makes the distinction between "Arab oneness" and Arab unity—a political unity. Thus, although the feeling of brotherhood among Arabs is a strong and vital force throughout the Arab world, far stronger than any comparable feeling of "European-ness"—it does not, and will not necessarily lead to political unity.

Obviously, the area covered by the Arab world is too large to be easily run by any central government. History reinforces the divergence, since the area encompasses so many different traditions and problems. Even the language—the supposed link that runs throughout the Arab world—turns out upon closer examination to be fractured.

In fact, the link in the Arab world is to a language that no one speaks except as a learned, second language—written, classical Arabic and its somewhat modernized version, standard, or newspaper, Arabic. Each Arab country has its own spoken language, and these can vary as much as, say, French and Romanian. All are based on classical Arabic, just as the Romance languages are based on Latin. But when a Moroccan meets an Egyptian, the two cannot converse with each other in their native tongues. If they are both educated, they can talk to each other in a version of standard Arabic, a modernized form of the language of the Koran. Countries closer together, such as Syria and Iraq, have less of a problem, but differences remain.

The Arab world is only just emerging from the tyranny of its linguistic structure—perhaps not even emerging in many areas. Educated men often talk to each other in foreign languages, and written Arabic itself is always a foreign language in the Arab world. It is a truly extraordinary situation. In a sense, it can be compared to that of Europe in the year 1000, when learned men wrote to each other in Latin, while the common people conversed in the local dialects, the "vulgar" tongues such as Italian and the predecessors of French. These inferior dialects were only for the uneducated, until Dante shocked medieval Europe by writing in the language of the streets.

In the Arab world today, most areas are still looking for their Dante.

Thus, the average Moroccan (average meaning uneducated, since only 15 percent of the people are literate) can understand only about a quarter of what he hears on television during the evening newscast. When the Moroccan king addresses his people, he usually does so in what amounts to a foreign language, only dipping "down" into the vernacular when the situation requires complete comprehension of his point (for example, when he is reprimanding striking students).

Nasser, perhaps the greatest Arab orator of recent years, used a combination of standard Arabic and dialectal Egyptian in his speeches, carefully mixing his vocabularies to achieve the desired effect. And because of the pervasive force of Radio Cairo—the Voice of the Arabs—the mixture of Arabic emanating from Cairo has begun to gain a wide understanding among the diverse people of the Arab world. That is—understand most of what they hear, though not all—but they do not speak the language they hear on the radio.

In light of the central role that Egypt has come to play in the Arab world, it is remarkable to note that less than 20 years ago most Egyptians—including Nasser—would not even have considered themselves Arabs. Egyptians were different, in their own

eyes—something distinct from and superior to Arabs, and when an Egyptian talked about the Arabs, he meant the Bedouin of the surrounding deserts, rather than the indigenous peasantry of the great river valleys. Only when Nasser saw the great role that he and Egypt could play on the world stage did he definitively decide—and announce to his people—that Egyptians were Arabs.

#### Little Pure Blood

Racially, and ethnically, there is no such thing as an Arab, unless by the word one means the small number of pure-blooded men of the Saudi Arabian peninsula. In the rest of the Arab world, the bloodlines of the Arab conquerors have been diluted over 1,000 years among the original inhabitants of the area—the Berbers in North Africa, for example. Even today, in North Africa, one can see the effect of the Arab Conquest: In the cities one finds the core of Arab life, culture and values; in the surrounding countryside, where for centuries guerrilla and tribal warfare raged against the cities, the dominant threads of life are still Berber.

Some Arab nationalists talk of regional groupings, such as a grouping of the Maghreb states of Morocco, Algeria, and Tunisia. Yet even this limited step goes further than any of the peoples of those countries would now go. Each country has its own tra-

ditions and a strong sense of self-identity, as well as its own language. They are not going to sacrifice all this for a single capital. Some federated groupings are possible in the Mideast, to be sure, but they are unlikely to result in the creation of new nations and new forces.

Even if the idea of political unity seems remote, the idea of military unity—and particularly a unified military command against Israel—worries people in the United States and Israel. But a unified military command cannot exist independent of a resolution of outstanding political differences, and so it seems unlikely that Israel will soon face a unified Arab military force.

Perhaps those differences are not so petty as we sometimes believe, but reflect deep and longstanding facts which are in themselves sufficient reason for the existence of separate nations. The Arabs will, as Mr. Hare points out, always see their essential oneness. This in itself is a powerful political fact. But they are unlikely to take the leap across the chasm to political unity, even if an extraordinary, fanatical, medieval man like Col. Moammar Qadhafi does pursue the dream with vast pots of money.

The writer is managing editor of *Foreign Policy*, and was Peace Corps director in Morocco from 1970 to 1972. He wrote this article for *The Washington Post*.

## The Shape of Europe to Come-II

By C. L. Sulzberger

BELGRADE.—Having recently written that 1973 will almost certainly bring significant advances in the importance of Western Europe, it is worth appending an analysis of what effect this could have on the United States and its NATO alliance.

A useful text for this is a book just published in London called "The Security of Western Europe" by Sir Bernard Burrows and Christopher Irwin. Until 1970 Ambassador Burrows was British representative at NATO. The thesis of their study argues that West Europeans must play a greater part in their own defense and that enlargement of the European Economic Community, or Common Market, provides an opportunity to achieve this.

They even inferentially point out that France's curious position as a member of the alliance but not of NATO's organization is in a sense assumed by the fact that "French commanders are in touch with NATO command and have agreed contingency plans for the use of

French forces in cooperation with NATO forces." The authors disagree with my own conclusion that "everything points to embryonic creation of a European nuclear force" derived from the existing national forces of Britain and France. Their argument is based on the obvious limitation of a European atomic potential when compared with those of America and Russia.

They add, with respect to Anglo-French weapons, "it would waste time and argument to try and merge these two forces into one, as if this were the first and only step toward a European defense system."

Personally, I think this misses the point of such nuclear nations, a point elaborated by De Gaulle who saw the diplomatic and political value of limited atomic power, a value that would surely be enhanced by unified French and British capabilities if this becomes possible after the restrictive McMahon Act expires next year.

Under the nuclear nonproliferation treaty a "new federated European state" could succeed to the nuclear status of its former components. Such a federation is still, of course, even semantically, far off.

But putting aside this formal question, even Burrows agrees that tactical nuclear weapons stationed in this region by NATO could "gradually come to be derived from the U.K. and France rather than exclusively from the U.S."

For the ultimate protection of a strategic nuclear umbrella the Burrows-Irwin book correctly sees that Western Europe must depend on the United States, therefore in a sense: "Europe is likely to be content to be an economic giant but—outside Europe—a political-military dwarf."

Nevertheless, apart from this ultimate dependence, Europe's economic and industrial vigor, plus its large population, can not only supply tactical nuclear weapons but more conventional arms and possibly more manpower as Washington inevitably thins out its military presence on this side of the Atlantic.

The authors stress "the political desire for joint production by the European allies" and suggest "a European authority for research and development with regard to military equipment in general."

There is already machinery within the North Atlantic struc-

ture, including its consultative "Eurogroup" which can be developed to render more effective the existing contribution of the European partners—which are larger than statistics indicate.

But inherent problems limit certain allies from playing a fully equal role. Thus, apart from France's unwillingness to rejoin the Atlantic "organization," West Germany cannot wholeheartedly participate in European joint arms production while large U.S. troop contingents are stationed there.

#### Major Contribution

The alliance's major financial contribution to obtain this military presence is a so-called "offset deal." Part of this is paid by Bonn's commitment to purchase many U.S. manufactured weapons, thus helping compensate for troops without an unbearable strain on the American balance of payments.

What Burrows and Irwin have sought to explore is how Western Europe can enhance its value to NATO despite the fact that: "The two superpowers have become even more differentiated from their respective allies as their nuclear forces have grown in size and sophistication and since they began to deal with each other as being in a category apart—whether in a 'hostile' manner as over Cuba, or in a negotiating guise as in SALT."

It should not be forgotten that the "hostile" phase stimulated the split-off from NATO of France. The "negotiating" phase has occasioned a widening gap between the U.S. and all its West European allies and it is that which must be narrowed. Burrows and Irwin show some means of approaching this crucial problem.

—C. L. Sulzberger

## The Black In Favor Of Nixon

By Wm. F. Bond

NEW YORK.—I

understand how it is that it is to dignity people of America to a they should all vote come the black. From the enemy of the black the stereotype, the no undifferentiated black ton picker or house or Joe, no last name cause no last name necessary, there is in particular to dis between Tom and Joe.

Along comes Mr. the young black Mr. Georgia, working quite a pitch of end week at the signpost are Negroes who for Richard Nixon. Black Republicans, sometimes black Republicans is lately urged black for Nixon or to stay the willing, some Fascist forces, to believe the only one who does it.

Now Mr. Bond is for precision of speech of sentiment. But alternative than to is by the statement in

Obviously anyone Nixon desires that will, next November Nixon. There is not ly wrong with that, is it they hope po bringing themselves to on will do? Why, o they will stay at it.

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Julian Bond has the sword for quite He pronounced A quite dead upon th of Martin Luther I we were all to bla Oy the way, how has said that we w for the attorney of George Wallace

#### Individ

Presumably the enough virtue left re-elect Julian I Georgian Assembly times since his America. In the ness in 1968, Elr was denouncing J a "pig" a pig let Cleaver usage, as cooperates with Cleaver's use of is expense of Bond that Bond's use c the expense of Ne But the larger black Republicans crats, is whether i dignified to call o for or against h capacity as black i women. By doing, encourage the st stereotype. As he have something? But surely what comes the cons —a much less th it is that makes, dividuals, different with differing vie best for America, i munities, for the for themselves. In oppression against any single race: e can band together, say means obvious of self first, say, as was done in Bap taries ago; or as Je propigate in Ned a few decades ago. But it is neither black people of. A are a people peo sense we speak any means obvious counts that they e tating the work, is that the Democrat obvious instrument? crance. My own is no Negro Republic cent weeks said, it so minimal to the Negro Americans, I has done. If I w would ask him p dressing me in a horatory, indeed, of it, as a fellow tender to him the in behalf of other, ions.





Berry (Wozzeck), Kraemer (doctor).



Munich: Engen (doctor), Adam (Wozzeck).

## MOVIES IN PARIS. Harmony Reigning On Set of 'Scorpio'

By Thomas Quinn Curtiss

PARIS, Aug. 10 (IHT).—"Scorpio," a tale of international espionage, is being completed this week in Paris, being shot by day in the streets and by night at Orly Airport.

Its narrative scampers from Washington to the Avenue Kleber in Paris, via London and Vienna. It concerns an aging CIA agent (Burt Lancaster), suspected of selling out to the Russians and who must hide out until he can prove his innocence. He is pursued by a hired assassin (Alain Delon) and a Soviet commissar (Paul Scofield) and the three find themselves in a mutual dilemma in which sworn duty is at odds with personal integrity.

The trio of stars and the director, Michael Winner, were all born under the sign of the zodiac that gives the film its title.

"We are certainly not superstitious, but there does seem to be an uncanny harmony in the realization of the project," Mr. Winner remarked. "A team effort in my opinion is a lot of people doing what I say. This has been achieved without stress and cooperation has extended beyond that of the cast. In Washington we were granted entry into the inner sanctum of the Central Intelligence Agency. Frankly I was astonished at such generosity. I doubt that we and our cameras would have been welcome in secret service headquarters in other lands. In Vienna we caused a traffic jam, but the police quickly silenced the honking of horns. And here at Orly—where every tourist is tricked as a suspected hijacker—we obtained permission to stage a shoot-out sequence on the airfield."

Winner, a big, affable man, might be mistaken for a younger son of an English university. He dresses sportily and smokes producer-sized cigars. He has a booming voice and an expansive manner, and he evidently instills confidence in his players.

John Rose's Salzburg sets fill stage effectively with expanses of gray brick walls, chimneys and other marks of a grim industrial town that at the same time is a prison for its downtrodden inhabitants, and his costumes were consistent with Selmer's understatement. Rudolf Heinrich's wide range of necessary real props in a darkly atmospheric abstract-eclectic frame, and his costumes also were consistent with Renner's conception.

Winner is a Cambridge graduate and studied law and economics (both of which, he finds, have been useful in movie-making). He practiced film criticism and then wrote and directed a series of shorts and documentaries. His breakthrough came with

Michael Winner and Burt Lancaster during the filming of "Scorpio."



"The Jokers," a spirited comedy about two playboys stealing the crown jewels from the Tower of London. It made a star of Oliver Reed and it made Winner a sought-after director.

He has not concentrated on any special brand of material. He has made Westerns and thrillers, satirical spoofs, such as "I'll Never Forget What's Tisane" with Orson Welles as a television tycoon, and straight dramas. He operates quickly and consistently, having turned out for films in the past 18 months: "The Nightcomers," a prelude to Henry James's story, "Turn of the Screw," with Marlon Brando; "Chato's Land" with Charles Bronson—currently at the Danton and the Marignan; "The Mechanic," also with Bronson, and still to be released; and the present "Scorpio," which will be finished in a few days.

Burt Lancaster, sitting in a hotel lobby while a makeup man touched up his eyebrows for the new take—announced his intention to try directing again.

"I've only directed one film, 'The Kennedys,' which I'd like to forget, but I think I've learned a lot since then, especially working in 'The Leopard' under Visconti. Anyway, I'm making another attempt on my next movie—as yet untitled, a thriller. Yes, I'm acting in it, too, dangerous double duty. I've been warned. Opera is my real love and I hope to be asked to direct an opera one day. Opera singers seem to me the giants of the theaters—taking the stage for hours to act and sing simultaneously. I'm musical, but for operatic singing you must have exacting training when young. Last year I croaked through 'September Song' and the other numbers of 'Zerkow's Holiday' in a Coast production, taking the Peter Sarsgaard role—wooden leg and all—which Walter Huston, another nonsinger, created. No, I don't want to film it, but it did well and was fun."

Winner, Lancaster and Alain

Delon are forming a producing company to present their "Scorpio" companion, Paul Scofield, on the London stage next season. Mr. Scofield, who plays a sympathetic Russian spy in the film, is extremely cautious in his selection of roles. He has made only six other films—including "A Man for All Seasons" for which he was awarded an Academy Award and the film version of Peter Brook's production of "King Lear," still unreleased on the Continent. He was a guest star at the National Theatre in London and had great success as the cobbler who disguises himself as a Prussian officer in Zuckmayer's "The Captain of Köpenick." He is considering both a one-man show and a brace of new Tennessee Williams plays for his return to the theater.



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## 'Wozzeck' for the Mobile Opera Lover

By Stevens

Austria (IHT).—The more festivals, much less than their prediction of the same means that a mobile opera lover interesting comment productions.

Involves Mozart Strauss, but this festival's arrangements of still sons of Berg's, a half-century of 20th-century, not a repertoire strongly contrasting the work, and the music to the musical each one under a name is closely tied in the third, the first to conduct with Berg himself on one of the last he put it on the

### MUSIC FESTIVALS

decadent-art shelf; and as conductor of the 1961 Salzburg revival he is given a large share of the credit for its postwar success. Munich's very gifted young conductor, who is the son of Erich Kleiber, who was conductor of the Berlin world premiere in 1925.

Böhm's Advantage

Böhm had the advantage of having the Vienna Philharmonic, in its best form, and he laid out this dense score with the utmost clarity and transparency and with a lyric impulse that made the climaxes all the more affecting, that masterfully integrated the voices in the orchestral fabric without covering them, and that stressed Berg's links to Viennese musical tradition.

Kleiber's outwardly more passionate performance was gripping, too, but its effects were made with less subtlety, with less overpowering impact, and with a

much thicker orchestral palette. The strength of Gustav Rudolf Selmer's Salzburg staging was its restraint, with the grotesque behavior of some of the secondary characters (Helmut Melcher's captain, Hans Kraemer's doctor) making its point by contrast with relatively normal outward comportment. In Munich, Günther Rennert opted for underlining the grotesque and unreal, with a high degree of psychological tension made visible and with some of the characters pushed to the point of caricature—although here he had the advantage of Keith Engen's detailed masterpiece of characterization as the doctor, twitching and popeyed with his crackpot notions and delusions of scientific grandeur.

Developing Role

In Selmer's frame, Walter Berry as Wozzeck (replacing Gert Franks, prevented by injury

from repeating his performance of last year) was able to develop the role gradually, as a good-natured, not-too-bright soldier who is gradually unable to cope with the collapse of his small world. Munich's Theo Adam seemed both more intelligent and more volatile. Wozzeck, physically bursting with tension from the opening scene so that his murder of Marie and self-destruction seem only a matter of time.

Both Maries were excellent—Wendy Fine's (Munich), earthy and strongly sung, and Anja Silja's, with an uncanny kind of animal wildness. Jürgen Rose's Salzburg sets fill stage effectively with expanses of gray brick walls, chimneys and other marks of a grim industrial town that at the same time is a prison for its downtrodden inhabitants, and his costumes were consistent with Selmer's understatement. Rudolf Heinrich's wide range of necessary real props in a darkly atmospheric abstract-eclectic frame, and his costumes also were consistent with Renner's conception.

## Entertainment in New York

Aug. 10 (IHT).—

ow The New York rate the new

on Grey Velvet, or Dario Argento's film, is "a hand- production." Howard orts, but the "strike- color photogra- freeze pacing and are judged "simply not only old but Thompson, com- the dialogue is characters—"gen- lot, ranging from et-setters to scruf- include Michael Mimsy Farmer, nom is "especially ough Miss Turner one scene brill- er plus: A "spine- one of a doomed, servant trapped in ask is superb and argento at his chill- Argento wrote the on a story that he

co-authored with Luigi Cozzi and Mario Foglietti.

"Kasbah City Bomber," starring Raquel Welch as a roller derby skater, was written especially for Miss Welch as one student's master thesis at UCLA. Roger Greenspun reports, "and whether or not Barry Sonnen- got his degree, he has created for Miss Welch a part for which she is absolutely adequate—she is absolutely adequate—allowing her both to show deep emotion and to roller skate." Miss Welch plays a "basically nice girl, in the business less for blood than for money," confronted by two problems: "The hand-dish- ments of 'Willy roller games' pro- moter Burt Henry (Kevin Mc- Carthy) and the resistance of aging roller games star Jackie Burdette (Helena Kallikriotes) whose fading light she is expect- ed to replace." According to Greenspun, these problems are indicative of the plot's "quite stunning, simplicity." Jerold Freedman directed Thomas Rick- man and Calvin Clements wrote the screenplay, after a story by Barry Sandler. "The Magnificent Seven Ride."

directed by George McCowan and written by Arthur Rowe. Roger Greenspun describes as "sloppy in detail, and in theme, plot and character it is merely trivial." The magnificent seven of the title include an Arizona marshal (Lee Van Cleef), a "wildly unscrupulous journalist" (Michael Callan) and five convicts whom the marshal paroled to help him defend a border town against a band of desperados. "Routine Westerns aren't so com- mon these days that I should want to dismiss any one of them out of hand," Greenspun writes, but this one is "a routine Western so perfunctory in its routines that I can't recommend it even to people who like me, delight in seeing the same thing done all over and over—again."

"Junior Bomber," directed by Sam Peckinpah, ("The Wild Bunch" and "The Ballad of Cable Hogue") is "funny and elegant," Vincent Canby reports, continuing the director's "pre- occupation with what might be called reluctant past-prime-ness." Steve McQueen stars as a 40-year-old rodeo circuit contestant at a critical point in his life—will he be able to successfully ride a black bull named Sunshine in the annual hometown rodeo. "There is 'something as essentially comic as serious about the nature of the chal- lenges Junior faces," Canby says, "including one, early in the film, in which he is more or less faced down by a man driving a huge scoop. For just a fraction of a second you are aware that Junior is considering a gesture of sentimental lunacy—he wants to ram it with his car." However, what distinguishes the movie is "not necessarily its broad streak of romanticism, but its affection for all of the Bombers." This includes Junior's father Ace (Robert Preston), a former rodeo star, and brother

Curly (Joe Don Baker) who supports the family as a high-pres- sure real estate developer. What- looks like a rodeo film is a su- perior family comedy in disguise." Gab Rosebrook wrote the screen- play.

## Neo-Classical Art To Go on View in London in Sept.

STRASBOURG, France, Aug. 10 (IHT).—A comprehensive art exhibit entitled "The Neo-Classical Age" will open Sept. 9 with special exhibits in several London museums, the Council of Europe, which is sponsoring it, announced today.

The exhibit, which will run until Nov. 19, is intended to shed new light on the neo-classical movement, the organizers said. Works of art from 25 nations will be on display. These will include paintings by French artists David and Ingres, ancient marbles from the collection of Sir William Hamilton, as well as furniture, designs, sculpture and architectural plans. The neo-classical age began in the late 18th century and continued into the early 19th. It was prompted in part by the discovery of the ancient cities of Herculaneum and Pompeii in southern Italy and by a general rekindling of interest in Greek and Roman art and literature. Prime Minister Edward Heath will inaugurate the exhibit Sept. 7.

Jehovah's Witnesses Meet VIENNA, Aug. 10 (AP).—A five-day congress of over 600 Jehovah's Witnesses from 20 European and overseas countries opened yesterday at Vienna's Prater Stadium, a soccer ground.

## Food Critics Warn Munichers to Olympic Games

By John Vinocur

10 (AP).—Two of most acerbic food writing travelers to that Munich's so- restaurants are a com- meritious food and Teutonic solemnity. ch palate. German omeze medal at best iast way to get aples eating, accord- Gault and Christian stick to sausage, k roast and beer. i Millau publish a ood and travel e Nouveau Guide, viorite targets is the lin, the French res- g bible which Gault onsider fuddy-duddy rent.

Reputations

German edition restaurants in Munich a possible three-star trying out some of ith the best reputa- and Millau wrote rapped up in insu- onic solemnity, soci- onomic pretensions out intolerable bor- prices."

They took particular aim at the Watterstein Restaurant, "The most famous, and we are told, the best restaurant in the city, if not in all of Germany," they wrote. "The truth was that we had a very disappointing and expensive meal, served with great bowing and scrapping in a sort of pleasant setting of mirrors and chandeliers."

Gault and Millau were more gentle with Humplinger, another Munich restaurant with an in- ternational reputation. But they said the Balkan, Chinese, Italian and Indonesian restaurants in the city were "totally without interest."

What they found seductive was the local Bavarian cooking. Gault and Millau liked the Nibbelinger Bräuwerk, a bistro near the cathedral, for its pork loin with sauerkraut and "the best weiswurst that you can find."

## Deborah Kerr on Stage

LONDON, Aug. 10 (AP).—Deborah Kerr, star of many Holly- wood movies, is returning to the London stage after an absence of 17 years. It was announced yesterday, Miss Kerr will open at the Lyric Theatre on Oct. 4 in a new play by Frank Harvey called "The Day After the Fair."

## Wally G. Findlay

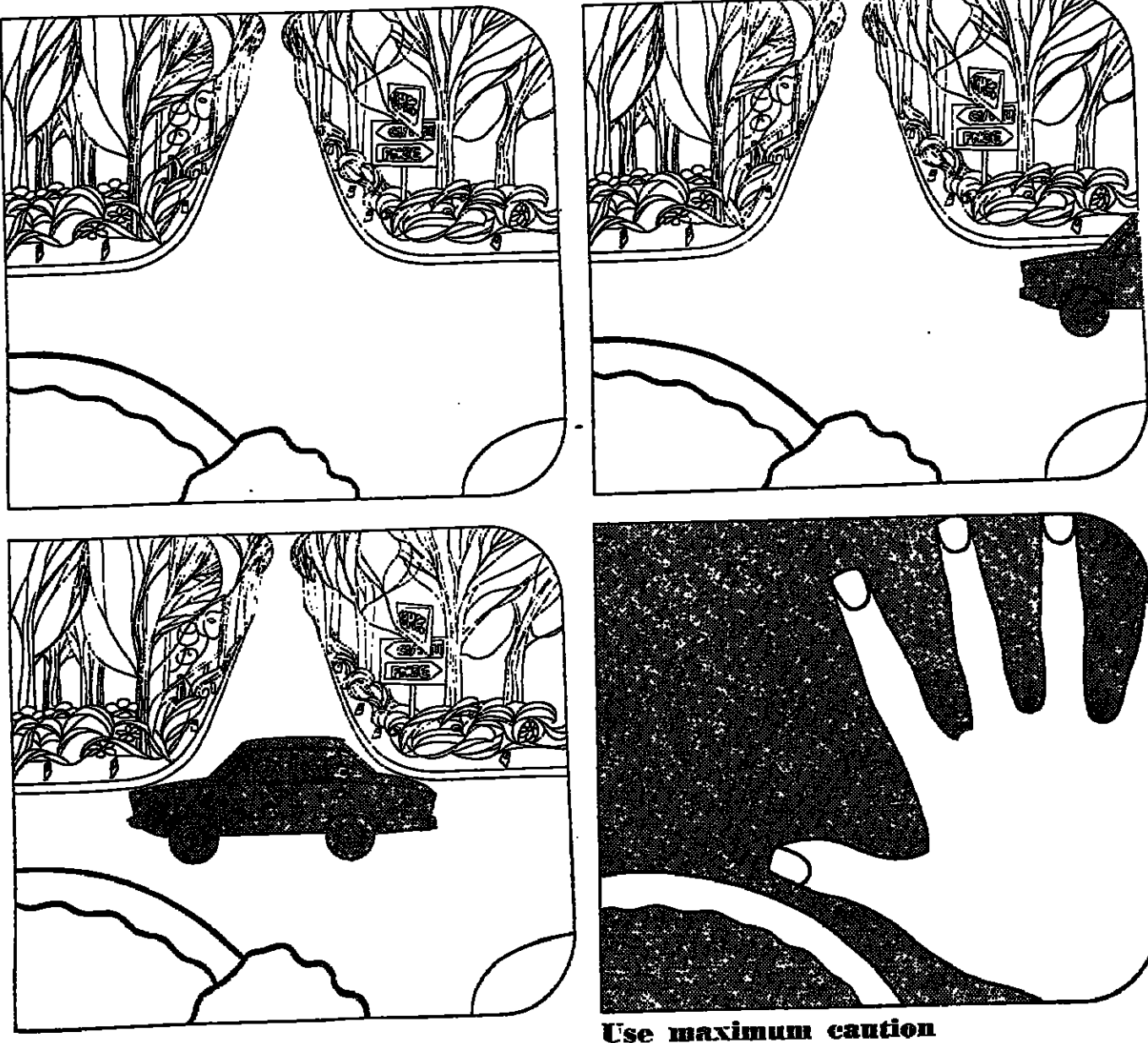
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7%	67	Granger, D	5	63%	67%
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32a	40a	Hubb K	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb L	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb M	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb N	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb O	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb P	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb Q	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb R	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb S	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb T	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb U	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb V	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb W	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb X	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb Y	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb Z	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb A	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb B	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb C	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb D	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb E	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb F	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb G	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb H	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb I	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb J	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb K	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb L	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb M	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb N	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb O	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb P	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb Q	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb R	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb S	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb T	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb U	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb V	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb W	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb X	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb Y	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb Z	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb A	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb B	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb C	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb D	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb E	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb F	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb G	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb H	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb I	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb J	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb K	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb L	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb M	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb N	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb O	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb P	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb Q	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb R	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb S	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb T	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb U	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb V	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb W	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb X	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb Y	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb Z	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb A	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb B	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb C	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb D	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb E	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb F	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb G	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb H	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb I	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb J	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb K	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb L	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb M	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb N	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb O	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb P	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb Q	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb R	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb S	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb T	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb U	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb V	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb W	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb X	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb Y	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb Z	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb A	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb B	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb C	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb D	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb E	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb F	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb G	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb H	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb I	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb J	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb K	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb L	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb M	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb N	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb O	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb P	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb Q	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb R	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb S	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb T	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb U	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb V	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb W	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb X	7.84	40a	51
32a	40a	Hubb Y	7.84		

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1	41% Liberty Lass	5	7%
8	63% Linton 113	12	1%
13	63% Lily-Lou	24	6%
24	44% Lingo-Am	18	4%
25	44% Lingo-Am	20	4%
27 1/2	18 1/2% Long-Tail	30	9%
29 1/2	18 1/2% Long-Tail wt	32	9%
31	3%	33	9%
31 1/2	3%	34	9%
32	3%	35	9%
33	3%	36	9%
34	3%	37	9%
35	3%	38	9%
36	3%	39	9%
37	3%	40	9%
38	3%	41	9%
39	3%	42	9%
40	3%	43	9%
41	3%	44	9%
42	3%	45	9%
43	3%	46	9%
44	3%	47	9%
45	3%	48	9%
46	3%	49	9%
47	3%	50	9%
48	3%	51	9%
49	3%	52	9%
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58	3%	61	9%
59	3%	62	9%
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62	3%	65	9%
63	3%	66	9%
64	3%	67	9%
65	3%	68	9%
66	3%	69	9%
67	3%	70	9%
68	3%	71	9%
69	3%	72	9%
70	3%	73	9%
71	3%	74	9%
72	3%	75	9%
73	3%	76	9%
74	3%	77	9%
75	3%	78	9%
76	3%	79	9%
77	3%	80	9%
78	3%	81	9%
79	3%	82	9%
80	3%	83	9%
81	3%	84	9%
82	3%	85	9%
83	3%	86	9%
84	3%	87	9%
85	3%	88	9%
86	3%	89	9%
87	3%	90	9%
88	3%	91	9%
89	3%	92	9%
90	3%	93	9%
91	3%	94	9%
92	3%	95	9%
93	3%	96	9%
94	3%	97	9%
95	3%	98	9%
96	3%	99	9%
97	3%	100	9%
98	3%	101	9%
99	3%	102	9%
100	3%	103	9%
101	3%	104	9%
102	3%	105	9%
103	3%	106	9%
104	3%	107	9%
105	3%	108	9%
106	3%	109	9%
107	3%	110	9%
108	3%	111	9%
109	3%	112	9%
110	3%	113	9%
111	3%	114	9%
112	3%	115	9%
113	3%	116	9%
114	3%	117	9%
115	3%	118	9%
116	3%	119	9%
117	3%	120	9%
118	3%	121	9%
119	3%	122	9%
120	3%	123	9%
121	3%	124	9%
122	3%	125	9%
123	3%	126	9%
124	3%	127	9%
125	3%	128	9%
126	3%	129	9%
127	3%	130	9%
128	3%	131	9%
129	3%	132	9%
130	3%	133	9%
131	3%	134	9%
132	3%	135	9%
133	3%	136	9%
134	3%	137	9%
135	3%	138	9%
136	3%	139	9%
137	3%	140	9%
138	3%	141	9%
139	3%	142	9%
140	3%	143	9%
141	3%	144	9%
142	3%	145	9%
143	3%	146	9%
144	3%	147	9%
145	3%	148	9%

[illegible]



# American Stock Exchange Trading

[illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible]

## Toronto Stocks

[illegible]

## International Bonds Traded in Europe

Dollar Bonds		Midday Indicated Prices		Convertible Bonds		Bondtrade Index	
Am Lrvs Eas 1979	107 1/2	Hammer 7 1/2-8 1/2	102 1/2	103	Chesce 6 1/2-8 1/2	149 1/2	130
Am Lrvs Eas 1980	107 1/2	Hill Samuels 8 1/2-9 1/2	102 1/2	102	Chrysler 4 1/2-8 1/2	75 1/2	76
Am Lrvs Eas 1981	107 1/2	Hill Samuels 9 1/2-10 1/2	102 1/2	102	Consolidated 4 1/2-8 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 1982	107 1/2	Hill Samuels 10 1/2-11 1/2	102 1/2	102	Cont'g 5 1/2-8 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 1983	107 1/2	I.C.T. 7 1/2-9 1/2	102 1/2	102	Commw 4 1/2-8 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 1984	107 1/2	I.C.T. 8 1/2-10 1/2	102 1/2	102	East Penn 4 1/2-8 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 1985	107 1/2	I.C.T. 9 1/2-11 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 5 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 1986	107 1/2	I.C.T. 10 1/2-12 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 6 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 1987	107 1/2	I.C.T. 11 1/2-13 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 7 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 1988	107 1/2	I.C.T. 12 1/2-14 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 8 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 1989	107 1/2	I.C.T. 13 1/2-15 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 9 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 1990	107 1/2	I.C.T. 14 1/2-16 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 10 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 1991	107 1/2	I.C.T. 15 1/2-17 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 11 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 1992	107 1/2	I.C.T. 16 1/2-18 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 12 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 1993	107 1/2	I.C.T. 17 1/2-19 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 13 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 1994	107 1/2	I.C.T. 18 1/2-20 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 14 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 1995	107 1/2	I.C.T. 19 1/2-21 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 15 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 1996	107 1/2	I.C.T. 20 1/2-22 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 16 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 1997	107 1/2	I.C.T. 21 1/2-23 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 17 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 1998	107 1/2	I.C.T. 22 1/2-24 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 18 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 1999	107 1/2	I.C.T. 23 1/2-25 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 19 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2000	107 1/2	I.C.T. 24 1/2-26 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 20 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2001	107 1/2	I.C.T. 25 1/2-27 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 21 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2002	107 1/2	I.C.T. 26 1/2-28 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 22 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2003	107 1/2	I.C.T. 27 1/2-29 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 23 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2004	107 1/2	I.C.T. 28 1/2-30 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 24 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2005	107 1/2	I.C.T. 29 1/2-31 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 25 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2006	107 1/2	I.C.T. 30 1/2-32 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 26 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2007	107 1/2	I.C.T. 31 1/2-33 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 27 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2008	107 1/2	I.C.T. 32 1/2-34 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 28 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2009	107 1/2	I.C.T. 33 1/2-35 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 29 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2010	107 1/2	I.C.T. 34 1/2-36 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 30 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2011	107 1/2	I.C.T. 35 1/2-37 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 31 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2012	107 1/2	I.C.T. 36 1/2-38 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 32 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2013	107 1/2	I.C.T. 37 1/2-39 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 33 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2014	107 1/2	I.C.T. 38 1/2-40 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 34 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2015	107 1/2	I.C.T. 39 1/2-41 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 35 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2016	107 1/2	I.C.T. 40 1/2-42 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 36 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2017	107 1/2	I.C.T. 41 1/2-43 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 37 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2018	107 1/2	I.C.T. 42 1/2-44 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 38 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2019	107 1/2	I.C.T. 43 1/2-45 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 39 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2020	107 1/2	I.C.T. 44 1/2-46 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 40 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2021	107 1/2	I.C.T. 45 1/2-47 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 41 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2022	107 1/2	I.C.T. 46 1/2-48 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 42 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2023	107 1/2	I.C.T. 47 1/2-49 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 43 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2024	107 1/2	I.C.T. 48 1/2-50 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 44 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2025	107 1/2	I.C.T. 49 1/2-51 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 45 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2026	107 1/2	I.C.T. 50 1/2-52 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 46 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2027	107 1/2	I.C.T. 51 1/2-53 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 47 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2028	107 1/2	I.C.T. 52 1/2-54 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 48 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2029	107 1/2	I.C.T. 53 1/2-55 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 49 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2030	107 1/2	I.C.T. 54 1/2-56 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 50 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2031	107 1/2	I.C.T. 55 1/2-57 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 51 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2032	107 1/2	I.C.T. 56 1/2-58 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 52 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2033	107 1/2	I.C.T. 57 1/2-59 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 53 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2034	107 1/2	I.C.T. 58 1/2-60 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 54 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2035	107 1/2	I.C.T. 59 1/2-61 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 55 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2036	107 1/2	I.C.T. 60 1/2-62 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 56 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2037	107 1/2	I.C.T. 61 1/2-63 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 57 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2038	107 1/2	I.C.T. 62 1/2-64 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 58 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2039	107 1/2	I.C.T. 63 1/2-65 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 59 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2040	107 1/2	I.C.T. 64 1/2-66 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 60 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2041	107 1/2	I.C.T. 65 1/2-67 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 61 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2042	107 1/2	I.C.T. 66 1/2-68 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 62 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2043	107 1/2	I.C.T. 67 1/2-69 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 63 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2044	107 1/2	I.C.T. 68 1/2-70 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 64 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2045	107 1/2	I.C.T. 69 1/2-71 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 65 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2046	107 1/2	I.C.T. 70 1/2-72 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 66 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2047	107 1/2	I.C.T. 71 1/2-73 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 67 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2048	107 1/2	I.C.T. 72 1/2-74 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 68 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2049	107 1/2	I.C.T. 73 1/2-75 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 69 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2050	107 1/2	I.C.T. 74 1/2-76 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 70 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2051	107 1/2	I.C.T. 75 1/2-77 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 71 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2052	107 1/2	I.C.T. 76 1/2-78 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 72 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2053	107 1/2	I.C.T. 77 1/2-79 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 73 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2054	107 1/2	I.C.T. 78 1/2-80 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 74 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2055	107 1/2	I.C.T. 79 1/2-81 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 75 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2056	107 1/2	I.C.T. 80 1/2-82 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 76 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2057	107 1/2	I.C.T. 81 1/2-83 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 77 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2058	107 1/2	I.C.T. 82 1/2-84 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 78 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2059	107 1/2	I.C.T. 83 1/2-85 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 79 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2060	107 1/2	I.C.T. 84 1/2-86 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 80 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2061	107 1/2	I.C.T. 85 1/2-87 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 81 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2062	107 1/2	I.C.T. 86 1/2-88 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 82 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2063	107 1/2	I.C.T. 87 1/2-89 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 83 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2064	107 1/2	I.C.T. 88 1/2-90 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 84 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2065	107 1/2	I.C.T. 89 1/2-91 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 85 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2066	107 1/2	I.C.T. 90 1/2-92 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 86 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2067	107 1/2	I.C.T. 91 1/2-93 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 87 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2068	107 1/2	I.C.T. 92 1/2-94 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 88 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2069	107 1/2	I.C.T. 93 1/2-95 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 89 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2070	107 1/2	I.C.T. 94 1/2-96 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 90 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2071	107 1/2	I.C.T. 95 1/2-97 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 91 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2072	107 1/2	I.C.T. 96 1/2-98 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 92 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2073	107 1/2	I.C.T. 97 1/2-99 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 93 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2074	107 1/2	I.C.T. 98 1/2-100 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 94 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2075	107 1/2	I.C.T. 99 1/2-101 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 95 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2076	107 1/2	I.C.T. 100 1/2-102 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 96 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2077	107 1/2	I.C.T. 101 1/2-103 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 97 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2078	107 1/2	I.C.T. 102 1/2-104 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 98 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2079	107 1/2	I.C.T. 103 1/2-105 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 99 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2080	107 1/2	I.C.T. 104 1/2-106 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 100 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2081	107 1/2	I.C.T. 105 1/2-107 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 101 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2082	107 1/2	I.C.T. 106 1/2-108 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 102 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2083	107 1/2	I.C.T. 107 1/2-109 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 103 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2084	107 1/2	I.C.T. 108 1/2-110 1/2	102 1/2	102	Equity 104 1/2-8 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Am Lrvs Eas 2085	107 1/2						

3300 Agnico	E	303	320	300	0
600 Auror		350	350	350	+10
555 Betim		\$ 1014	19	1914	
2000		204	204	204	-1

490	Bravo Rfs	495	455	445	-15
491	Bravo M	495	455	445	-15
492	Browns	495	385	390	0
493	Browns	495	385	390	0
494	Browns	495	385	390	0
495	Browns	495	385	390	0
496	Browns	495	385	390	0
497	Browns	495	385	390	0
498	Browns	495	385	390	0
499	Browns	495	385	390	0
500	C Tung	510	174	177	+4
501	C Tung	510	174	177	+4
502	C Tung	510	174	177	+4
503	C Tung	510	174	177	+4
504	C Tung	510	174	177	+4
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735	C Tung	510	174	177	+4
736	C Tung	510	174	177	+4
737	C				

## INTERNATIONAL FUNDS ADVERTISEMENT

Aug. 16, 1973:

values quotations shown below are supplied by the Funds Listed.  
Journal Herald Tribune cannot accept responsibility for them.  
Vertical symbols indicate frequency of quotations supplied to the

[illegible]

## Mutual Funds

**Closing prices on Aug. 10, 1934**

[illegible]

Barclays  
Barclays  
Beecham

	Bid	Ask	
Bendix 8-			
BICC 7 1/4			
Borg War			

[illegible]

78..	103 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	104 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	Monahan 8-25..
86...	104	105	Montagu 9 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> -85...
86..	107 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	108 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	Montreal 9-85.....

....	101	102	Mount Isa 8-2-86..
....	973 1/2	983 1/2	Newfoundld 8 1/2-86
79..	101 1/2	102 1/2	Nickel 9-86.....

100	1027	Morgantown 7-30
101	1028	Ontario 9-38
102	1029	Delg 8-14-82
103	1030	Queens Conn 1-81
104	1031	Ont 8-7
105	1032	Pekame 8-1-81
106	1033	Peterson 8-7-81
107	1034	Ph Mex 5-72
108	1035	Ph Mex 8-10-81
109	1036	Quercet 1-81-72
110	1037	Quercet Hyd 8-1-82
111	1038	Quercet 1-81-72
112	1039	Railton 7-71
113	1040	Rank 8-72
114	1041	Rank 8-72
115	1042	Rank 8-72
116	1043	Rank 8-72
117	1044	Rank 8-72
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193	1120	Rank 8-72
194	1121	Rank 8-72
195	1122	Rank 8-72
196	1123	Rank 8-72
197	1124	Rank 8-72
198	1125	Rank 8-72
199	1126	Rank 8-72
200	1127	Rank 8-72

105-2	GenEld 4-82....	89	94
105-3	GenFoods 4-82....	89	94
107	Gl'ette 4-82....	97 1/2	98
108	Mitachi 4-82....	113 1/2	114

105 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	Holiday Inns 8-85.	126 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	127
104 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	Honeywell 5-83.	157 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	166
81	Honeywell 6-84.	736	13

107	U.S.E. 5-81	104 1/2	10 1/2
107	U.S.E. 6-81	104	10 1/2
108	U.S. Corp 4-2	103 1/2	10 1/2
108 1/2	W. Kilde 5-87	76	10 1/2
109	J. L. Loran 4-2	71	12 1/2
110	Kutner 6-5-84	165	—
110 1/2	Leasco 5	155	25 1/2
111	Leasco Int 5-87	75 1/2	7 1/2
112	U.S. 5-86	101	5 1/2
112 1/2	U.S. 5-86	101	5 1/2
113	Michelin 6-85	137 1/2	13 1/2
113 1/2	Warrickland 5-88	99 1/2	10 1/2
114	Wiles 4-7-3	112 1/2	11 1/2
115	Alteutsche 4-3	128	16 1/2
115 1/2	Alcoralia 4-3-83	360	16 1/2
116 1/2	Murphy 5-7-7	99 1/2	10 1/2
117	Penney J. C. 4-86	97	9 1/2
117 1/2	Peplco 4-5-81	88 1/2	9 1/2
118	Phil Lamo 6-82	114 1/2	11 1/2
118 1/2	R.C.A. 5-88	84 1/2	9 1/2
119	Revis 4-5-85	114 1/2	11 1/2
119 1/2	Reynolds 5-8-87	75 1/2	7 1/2
120	Sea	107	10 1/2
120 1/2	Tenaro 4-7-8	89 1/2	9 1/2
121	Tonhite 4-7-85	110	10 1/2
121 1/2	Zell Cell 5-87	67	6 1/2
122	Union Carb 5-87	102	10 1/2
122 1/2	Ward Ponds 5-7	71	7 1/2
123	U.S. 4-86	161	16 1/2
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1700 Hollinger	\$ 40 <sup>00</sup>	39 <sup>12</sup>	

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191	Cent. Add.	983	975	1
550	Lb. Min.	\$ 43	43	
300	Lux	340	315	2
300	L.L. Lac	220	220	

Montreal Stock				
6767	Bank Mont	521 1/2	21 1/2	
240	Bombardier	37 1/4	7 1/4	
2640	Brisco	50 1/4	6	
1890	CAE Ind	58	7 1/2	
25	Can Cement	532	22	
537	Can Int Pow	512 1/2	12 1/2	
200	Comm Bus	16 31/6	16	
1980	Can Bath	51 1/2	14 1/2	
400	Dom Bridge	333 1/2	33	
1833	Dom Glass	517 1/2	22 1/2	
2229	Dom Tex	523 1/2	24	
3736	Frcl Fin	812 1/2	13	
2515	Gaz Metro	53 1/2	5	
1435	Inesco	328 1/4	27 1/4	
1180	Laur Fin	51 1/2	14 1/2	
3115	Neison A	507 1/2	29 1/2	
690	Molson B	52 1/4	29 1/4	
100	Mtl Trust	51 1/2	11 1/2	
400	Phoenix C	825	825	
20745	Power Cp	513	12 1/2	
1750	Pwr Co	\$ 11 1/4	11 1/4	
200	QSP Ltd	\$ 11 1/4	11 1/4	
1890	Rolland A	\$ 6 1/2	6 1/2	
4444 1/2	Royal Bnk	\$ 6 1/2	6 1/2	
1263	Royal Trsl	\$ 41	40 1/2	
51	Sixier A	\$ 27	24 1/2	
300	Super Elec	210	210	2
100	Velorex Ind	\$ 17 1/2	17 1/2	
420	Zellers	\$ 16 1/2	16 1/2	
Total sales		1,555,000	shares	

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*August 4, 1972.*







## Vins 13th Straight on Does It All Iding to Streak

...10 (NYT)—  
...last-place team  
...Young Award,  
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major leagues, 40 victories and 64 losses.  
Carlton struck out 12 to bring his league-leading total to 222, and extended his streak to 24 in-  
nings without having allowed an  
earned run. He also hit his first  
home of the season.  
Besides winning the Cy Young  
Award, which is given to each  
league's best pitcher, Carlton has  
a chance to do something else no other  
major leaguer has done—at least  
not since 1901. Carlton has been  
responsible for 45 percent of his  
team's victories.

### Standings

League	Team	W	L	Pct.	GB
NL	Atlanta	47	25	.657	—
	San Francisco	47	25	.657	—
	Los Angeles	46	26	.638	1 1/2
	San Diego	46	26	.638	1 1/2
	Philadelphia	45	27	.625	2
	St. Louis	45	27	.625	2
	Montreal	44	28	.611	2 1/2
	Chicago	44	28	.611	2 1/2
	San Carlos	43	29	.597	3
	Los Angeles	43	29	.597	3
AL	Minnesota	47	25	.657	—
	Seattle	46	26	.638	1 1/2
	Los Angeles	46	26	.638	1 1/2
	San Francisco	45	27	.625	2
	San Diego	45	27	.625	2
	Philadelphia	44	28	.611	2 1/2
	St. Louis	44	28	.611	2 1/2
	Montreal	43	29	.597	3
	Chicago	43	29	.597	3
	San Carlos	42	30	.583	3 1/2

Jack Chabro registered 41 of the New York Yankees' 92 victories in 1964. That is almost 45 percent. The best National League pitcher was 42 percent by Noodles Hahn, with 22 of Cincinnati's 52 victories in 1901.  
Philadelphia scored the only run Carlton needed—off Steve Blass in the second inning when Willie Montanez led off with a single and raved home on Greg Luzinski's single, which was mis-  
handled in right field.  
Carlton homered in the third.  
Reds' Rodgers 3  
Cincinnati won its sixth game in the last seven and increased its Western Division lead to 7 1/2 games by defeating Los Angeles, 6-2, at home. A homer by Frank Robinson, who hit a home run for one of the Dodgers' runs. Robinson now has hit homers in 23 major league parks, a record.  
Braves 5, Astros 3  
Hank Aaron hit his 683rd career home run and his 23rd of the season as the Braves beat Houston, 6-0, in Atlanta. The first inning homer off Jerry Reuss with a man aboard left Aaron 53 short of Babe Ruth's mark.  
George Stone limited the Astros to six hits, while winning his fourth game in 10 decisions.  
Padres 5, Giants 2  
At San Francisco, Clarence Gaston, who increased his hitting streak to 16 games, hit a two-run single during a three-run first and San Diego won a 5-2 triumph over the Giants.  
Mets 3, Cards 3  
Jim McAndrew pitched a six-hitter and Ken Boyell and Ed Kranepool each drove in three runs as the New York Mets won in St. Louis, 3-3.

## Major League Leaders

League	Team	W	L	Pct.	GB
NL	Atlanta	47	25	.657	—
	San Francisco	47	25	.657	—
	Los Angeles	46	26	.638	1 1/2
	San Diego	46	26	.638	1 1/2
	Philadelphia	45	27	.625	2
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	Chicago	43	29	.597	3
	San Carlos	42	30	.583	3 1/2



Carl Yastrzemski  
...double trouble.

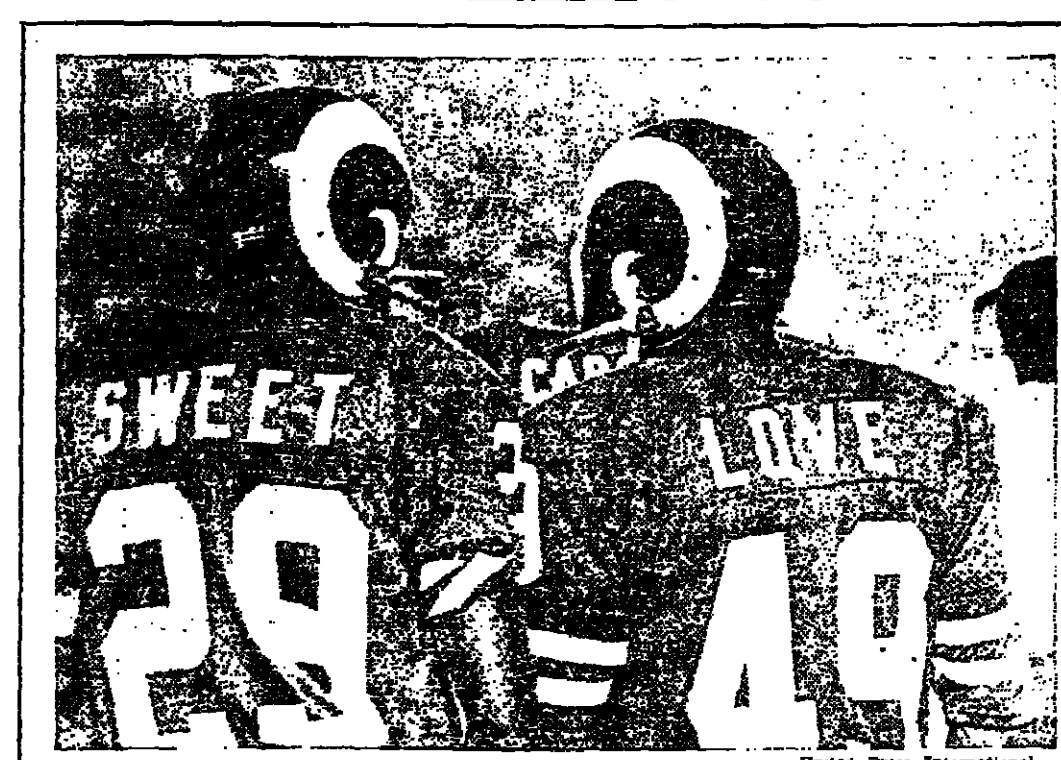
## Controversy Still Follows Yastrzemski

BOSTON, Aug. 10 (AP)—Carl Yastrzemski, the Boston Red Sox high-caliber slugger caught in the midst of a team controversy, left the lineup after grounding into two double plays yesterday.  
Yastrzemski, working on a three-year contract for \$165,000 a season, reported to Fenway Park a half hour before the start of a game with the Cleveland Indians.  
He missed a team meeting as the Red Sox presumably tried to clear the air among themselves in the wake of rookie catcher Carlton Fisk's charges that the team was falling to get leadership from Yastrzemski and Reggie Smith.  
Despite missing pre-game practice and the meeting, Yast took his position in left field. He grounded into double plays in the first and third innings and was slow in running to first each time.  
He was replaced at the start of the fourth by Bob Burda and the Red Sox labor announced that trainer Buddy Larouche reported Yastrzemski had a virus. The Red Sox also said team physician, Dr. Tom Tierney, had recommended that he sit out the game.  
Fisk, one of the American League's top hitters, was quoted Monday as saying that Yastrzemski and Smith were not providing team leadership as expected from high-paid stars.  
The three players met with manager Eddie Yost Tuesday night and Fisk said he had been "misquoted and misunderstood." Smith said he accepted the explanation but Yastrzemski refused comment.  
The outfielder, a three-time batting champion, has been involved in controversy throughout his career. He has been blamed, among other things, for the firing of managers Johnny Pesky, Billy Herman and Dick Williams.  
In midseason last year, outfielder Billy Conigliaro accused the Red Sox management of giving him preferential treatment. The accusation was denied. However, Conigliaro was traded last fall to the Milwaukee Brewers.  
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## White Sox Trail A's By Game

### Wood Gains 19th, Knocks In Winner

ANARHEIM, Calif., Aug. 10 (AP)—Knucklebusting Wilbur Wood bettered fireballing Nolan Ryan in hitting and pitching as the Chicago White Sox moved to within one game of the first-place Oakland A's in the American League West. Wood won his 19th game by singling home a run in the seventh inning for a 1-0 White Sox victory.  
Wood, the first 19-game winner in the major leagues, hurled a six-hitter for Chicago's sixth straight victory.  
Ryan, now with a 12-10 win-loss mark, helped his downhill when he hit-pitched pinch-hitter Buddy Bradford to second base in the seventh after a two-out single by Ed Hermann. The Angels then decided to walk Luis Alvarado and face Wood.



UNVIOLENT NAMES—Los Angeles Rams Joe Sweet and John Love have a discussion on the sidelines during exhibition game.

## U.S. Swimmers Didn't Impress All

By George Solomon  
CHICAGO, Aug. 10 (WP)—Two international swimming authorities, former Olympic champion Murray Rose and one-time Australian Olympic coach Sam Herford, said the U.S. team will run into choppy waters when the Olympic swimming competition begins in Munich Aug. 23.  
Rose, who won gold medals in the 400 and 1,500-meter freestyles in 1956 and 1960, predicted the U.S. men's team would be handicapped by a lack of experienced world-class performers.  
Herford, who spent last week here covering the U.S. trials at Portage Park pool for the Sydney Sun, called America's super swimmer, Mark Spitz, outstanding. But he added Spitz was also "vulnerable and unpredictable."  
Noting Spitz's failure in the 1968 Olympics, and subsequent problems with his former coaches, Herford said, "Look at his past. He can be beaten. I'm shooting for Michael Wenden (Australia's best freestyler)."  
Rose supported his view that inexperience could hurt the U.S. chances by noting the failure of veterans Mel Nash (backstroke), Charles Campbell (100 butterfly), Ross Walker (butterfly), Frank Heckl (freestyle), Gary Hall (backstroke), John Kinsella (400 freestyle), Brian Job (100 breaststroke), and Mike Burton (440 freestyle) to qualify in their strong events.  
"The fellows who beat them out are fine swimmers," Rose said. "But their inexperience in Olympic competition might be a major factor once the games begin."

## Tanzania Boycotts Olympics Because of Rhodesia's Entry

DAR ES SALAAM, Tanzania, Aug. 10 (Reuters)—Tanzania has decided not to send a team to the Munich Olympic Games later this month because of Rhodesia's participation, Radio Tanzania said today.  
A foreign ministry spokesman said that as long as Rhodesia took part, even as British subjects, Tanzania could not send her contingent.  
The state-controlled radio said the boycott was based on the International Olympic Committee's invitation to the "colony of Rhodesia."  
The Tanzanian team of eight athletes and seven boxers had been due to leave by air for Munich today.  
Yesterday in Munich, Willi Daume, president of the Olympic Organizing Committee, told a delegation of African sports leaders that the invitation to Rhodesia to attend the Olympics must stand. He emphasized to the delegation that the German organizers "can do nothing contrary to the rules and regulations of the IOC," which demands that the host country issue invitations to all member countries.  
The Salisbury team will participate under the British flag and the British national anthem will be played in the event of a Southern Rhodesia victory.

## Yacht Watchers Can Go to Sea For Olympics

NEW YORK, Aug. 10 (NYT)—How can yacht-race spectators be persuaded they're doing something more exciting than watching a regatta grow?  
Organizers of the Olympic sailing competition that starts on Aug. 28 in Kiel, West Germany, have come up with an elaborate set of plans to keep the action lively. Fourteen coastal steamers will take the boat-watchers to sea each day for the regatta in six classes on the Kiel Föhrde. On board, spectators can buy food and drink, see binocular use, the postal service, chat with a stewardess, listen to expert commentators explain the yachting tactics or watch the action on closed-circuit color television originating from escort vessels. Each steamer will provide first-aid facilities for seasick passengers.  
The races (seven in each class) will be staged on three different courses: 11.2 nautical miles for the Dragon and Soling; another of 11.2 nautical miles for the Star, Tempest and Flying Dutchman, and 8.5 nautical miles for the Finn-Dinghy.  
Approximately 210 boats are expected to compete in an area where sailing skill traditionally has been more important than familiarity with local conditions. For example, the Baltic has no tides, and sea currents depend solely on the wind.  
The site also fulfills the requirements of the International Yacht Racing Union, whose rules stipulate that regatta courses must be at least 1.75 miles from the coast and that the water must not be shallower than 27 feet in any place.  
For nearly a century, yachtsmen have been competing in "Kiel Week" on the Kiel Föhrde each June—an annual sailing jamboree that has come to be known among contestants as the "week of truth."

## ABA Has Conquistadors SAN DIEGO, Aug. 10 (AP)—The nickname Conquistadors has been picked for San Diego's new team in the American Basketball Association.

## Miss Schuba Out to Cut New Figure

### Skater Is Losing Weight for Show

RANCHO LA COSTA, Calif., Aug. 10 (AP)—Can a robust Austrian girl replace petite Peggy Fleming of the United States and win the hearts of American skating fans?  
The Ice Folies is gambling that she can and has spent three weeks and about \$1,500 grooming the 22-year-old gold medalist, Trish Schuba, at an exclusive Southern California spa.  
The figure skater, 21, won the gold medal at this year's Winter Olympics in Sapporo, Japan. She also won the world championship the past two years. Now she has become a professional performer.  
"I've won both the Olympics and world competition," she said, "so why should I skate four more years until the next Olympics?"  
Her new life in America is "sometimes hard," she said. "But then you think of the traveling and the success. It's nice." "Four years ago, Miss Fleming, then the Olympic gold medalist, made the same decision, and for the past four years she has been the star of the Ice Folies tour begins." Those who want to lose or gain pounds pay up to \$75 a day to stay at the health resort.  
Trish went there to lose pounds and pick up beauty secrets.  
At 5-feet-7, she weighed nearly 160 pounds on arrival—distributed on a 36-31-41 frame. "We tried to make a Peggy Fleming type out of a girl who weighed a lot more but had good muscle tone," said Dr. R. Philip Smith, spa health director.  
"We put her on a perfectly balanced diet of 500 calories a day," he said.



Beatrix Schuba shows gold medal form.

Trish also went through the exercise program—designed primarily for flabby matrons. It was not tough for a girl who spent seven hours a day on ice skates and could lift a 300-pound weight with her legs.  
Trish lost 12 pounds, an inch from her waist and 1 1/2 inches from her hips. To keep her weight down, the dietitian drew up a 1,000-calorie-a-day diet for her to follow while touring with the ice show.  
"I think I can stick with the diet," Trish said. "But you know in Austria we have those rich cakes—I love them."  
Trish's hair, which was closely cropped when she arrived, was allowed to grow, and she went to daily makeup classes.  
"I didn't use much makeup at home," she said, "only for special occasions, but for show business you need more."  
"She did very well with her makeup," said an artist in the spa. "She is naturally artistic."  
The object of the beauty lessons was to create a "fresh, young look," said the Ice Folies president, Thomas K. Scallan.

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\$10.00	\$12.00	Switzerland	\$15.00	\$28.00
\$11.00	\$13.00	Turkey	\$16.00	\$30.00
\$12.00	\$14.00	Europe (air)	\$17.00	\$32.00
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## Observer

## Now for the Issues

By Russell Baker

WASHINGTON. — The worst part of a presidential campaign always occurs when the candidates start discussing the issues. Party this is because the issues in presidential campaigns usually aren't the issues that are really a discussion, but usually a rhetorical duel cooked up by consultants, advisers, ghost writers, press agents, marketing specialists and similar confidence men expert at hating the hicks.

Mostly, however, the pointlessness of discussing the issues arises from the obvious sources, the candidates. When a man wants something as desperately as these people want the presidency, that man has lost touch with himself so completely that he is no longer capable of knowing what he will really do once he is on the job.

For this reason, he is capable of making promises which he may lack the ability to fulfill, without realizing that he is fraudulently raising hopes and engaging in open mendacity. He is, in short, a desperate man, with many of the symptoms of the desperate.

For all these reasons, sensible men always groan when they hear the candidates coming to grips with the issues. This is why we were so fortunate this year in having the Democratic crisis over the vice-presidential nomination before the campaign could properly begin.

Mercifully, it saved us all from immediate exposure to a McGovern coming to grips with the issues, an irrelevance which, almost certainly, would have provoked the even more superfluous spectacle of President Nixon coming to grips with the issues.

Instead, we had a rare opportunity to see a presidential candidate perform under pressure in the sort of crisis—unconscionably exceedingly sensitive, potentially ruinous—which constantly afflicts real presidents in their day-to-day labors.

With Kennedy, who talked such a splendid campaign, we had to wait for the Bay of Pigs to see a performance under pressure, and by that time he was President.

McGovern had his Bay of Pigs three months before the election, and we were there.

The odd thing about McGovern's vice-presidential entrance was the amount of noise from the press urging that the vice-presidential crisis be disposed of quickly, so that the campaign could proceed to deal with the issues—sometimes called the "real issues."

Reviewing presidential campaigns back into the 1950s, we are led to suspect that the press people who wanted to move on to these "real issues" were trying to cheat us of what will probably be our one opportunity to perceive McGovern as he might actually behave in the White House.

Does anyone recall the issues on which Eisenhower beat Stevenson in 1952? Well, Stevenson favored a ban on nuclear testing and suggested that we ought to consider ending the draft. Radical stuff at a time when the Republicans were still fighting Communism under every bed in America, and certain well-poisoners tried to make Adlai out to be a dupe, or "conscious agent," in the variance of the era.

... "Sometimes, you are get tired of all this clackety-clack," he said on the closing night of one campaign—flew about the country with his arms happily upraised while amplifiers played, "I Like Ike," which was the big Republican issue that year.

Big issues in 1960 were: Would Jack Kennedy be as tough as Dick Nixon about Quemoy and Matsu? (Quemoy and Matsu?) Who would be the best man to get Castro out of Cuba?

You can look it up. Those real issues were the big issues. In 1960, a big issue was: Who was the peace candidate? LBJ or Goldwater? The answer: LBJ. It's almost enough to make you want to hang every editor who urges McGovern and Nixon to get down to the real issues.

In 1968, there was Vietnam and bringing us together. Nixon had a secret plan, he said, for ending the war. That is the kind of talk candidates commit when they are urged to come to grips with the issues. Nixon, in fact, will probably argue when the issue is gripped again this fall—Lord save us—that his secret plan not only existed, but also succeeded.

## Metropolis Is Rescued Again

By Andrew H. Malcolm

METROPOLIS, Ill., Aug. 10 (NPT)—The gloomiest place in the world, Metropolis, has been rescued again. Young people left town. Construction dropped. Retail sales declined. Metropolis seemed doomed!

This was a job for... Look! Up on the water tower! It's a bird! It's a plane! It's Superman! Yes, it's Superman, the fictional comic book creation who, disguised as Clark Kent, multi-mannered reporter for the Daily Planet, came to earth with powers and abilities far beyond those of mortal man.

Now the Man of Steel has been summoned to rescue this economically faltering community, which has officially adopted Superman as a hometown hero and prime tourist attraction.

Already his image—on local signs, T-shirts, the budding Superman Museum and on national television—has begun to change life in Metropolis, a city of 6,800 that last year seemed to have more than its share of woes.

Coincidentally, Metropolis, as anyone who was young once knows, is also the name of the fictional city in which Superman overcomes what seem to be more than any one place's share of strange monsters and other problems.

So why not, reasoned the real Metropolis fathers, capitalize on the town's name and give out a Superman of Metropolis Award. It would create good will and perhaps put the nation's only real Metropolis on the map. That's all, just a little paper award.

But Metropolis did not count on the imagination of Clark Kent's colleagues in the media.

In January, when a wire service reporter heard of the award, he sensed a good feature article. His eager questioning produced an off-beat, brighter story for hundreds of newspaper editors in the January doldrums.

But it also triggered an article by a competing wire service, which triggered a batch of radio interviews, which triggered a series of magazine pieces and a network television news report, which triggered thousands of letters, which triggered the biggest boom that this sleepy little Ohio River town has ever known.

## Statue

When it's all done, plans call for a 1,000-acre, \$50-million Superman Land here with a 200-foot-tall statue of the Man of Might. Next year there may even be a postage stamp on Superman's 35th birthday.

Already, tourists flock here daily to buy Superman souvenirs and see the beginnings of the Amazing World of Superman Museum, which includes Clark Kent's phone booth and the original Superman suit worn in the TV series by George Reeves. But more importantly, the fictional character has, through his strange powers, radically changed the lives of Metropolis citizens. Some still seem stunned.

Encouraged by a new super-optimism, residents and merchants are painting and fixing up. There is more new housing. Industries are making serious inquiries for plant sites. And the local newspaper, the Metropolis News, has, of course, changed its name to the Metropolis Planet.

"Before Superman came," said Sam Smith, the mild-mannered editor, "Metropolis was a dying town. Now almost overnight there's a spark, a contagious enthusiasm and a boom like I've never seen in all my years."

It is safe today, though, the shady streets, some of them cutless, are lined with unlocked cars; on front lawns children's toys remain overnight, unmattended and unlost.

But the streets are busier now, thanks to Superman.

## Saga Begins

His latest saga began with the arrival in Metropolis of a strange visitor from another state. When Bob Westerfield, an energetic former halfback with the Cleveland Browns and the Green Bay Packers, moved here from Kentucky, he was shocked to see no sign of the Action Ace.

So, last Jan. 6, at Mr. Westerfield's suggestion, the Chamber of Commerce awarded the Superman Award. Mr. Smith notified a reporter for United Press International, who called Mr. Westerfield, who recounted the following conversations.

Are you going to do anything besides have the award? The reporter asked in a typical follow-up question.

What do you mean? responded Mr. Westerfield.

Well, said the reporter, are you going to put a big picture of Superman up on the water tower?

Hey, that's a great idea, said Mr. Westerfield.

So when the Associated Press called, Mr. Westerfield announced that a big picture of Superman would soon go up on the water tower.

Anything else? The AP reporter asked. Like, oh, a sign at the city limits?

Hey, I like that, said Mr. Westerfield. Then, with those stories in hand, it was the turn of CBS News.

When are you going to do something very clever, like a product advertisement? Well, said Mr. Westerfield, thinking very quickly, the city is officially adopting Superman on Friday.

We'll be there, said the producer. And they were along with a half-dozen TV camera crews, four magazine reporters, 25 newspaper men and around 4,000 spectators, some of them sitting in trees, all of them excited by the outside attention.

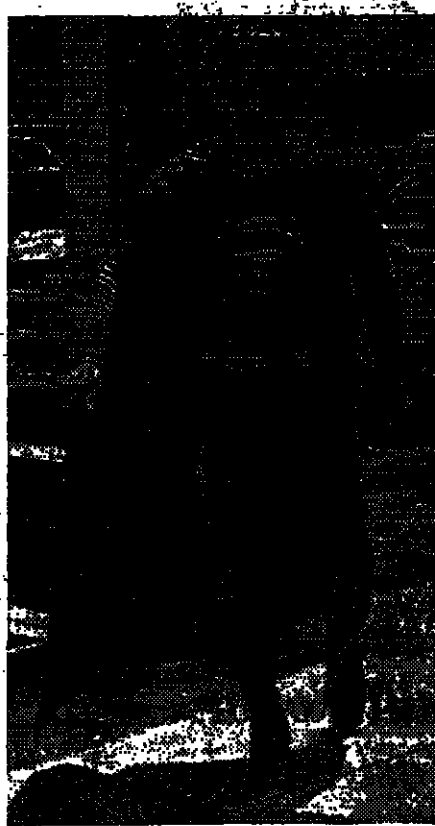
They gathered in the drizzle at Fourth and Metropolis where Carmine Infantino, head of National Periodical Publications, which owns Superman, was to introduce his Magnificent Money-maker.

Unfortunately, Superman, who was to be played by Charles Chandler, a Baptist minister and one of four local men who play the role, was suffering from the flu. So when the time came for the Man of Might to burst out of Westerfield's Dry Cleaning Store, he was too weak to open the door.

Superman Land, still perhaps four years away, had particular appeal because of the steady growth in the nation's leisure time, because of Metropolis's relatively central location and because one interstate highway runs nearby and another, I-74, will open a mile east of town in February.

The center, which will soon have a scale model of Superboy's home, is a former roller skating rink. "I keep telling myself Disney started in a garage," says Mr. Westerfield. Eventually the center will be part of the bigger park with a variety of rides and entertainment facilities.

But already the tourists are coming. Buying gas, food and souvenirs. The newspaper, where Superman has dominated the front page for 25 weeks, is selling 600 more copies a week now. Soon a giant, floodlit revolving statue of Superman holding up the planet earth will rise atop the one-story print shop.



Larry Davis, of the telephone company, is one of the four men in Metropolis who play Superman.

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## PEOPLE: Tolstoy's Daughter Views America

The United States today is like Russia before the 1917 revolution, said Alexandra Tolstoy, the 86-year-old daughter of Leo Tolstoy, the Russian novelist, who just this morning we had before the revolution. Miss Tolstoy said at her home in Valley Cottage, N.Y., "nobody wanted to work, money was down, strikes." Miss Tolstoy, the novelist's only surviving child, who left Russia in 1923, said "I don't know which country I like best," but indicated that there was hope for America. "Americans are very orderly people, very well organized," she said. "Russians are not well organized. Maybe if we were more organized we might not have had the revolution."



Alexandra Tolstoy

Former President and Mrs. Harry S. Truman were among the 800 Missouri voters who filed absentee ballots in Independence, Mo., in the state primary election Tuesday. In the past, Truman, who is 87 and recovering from a gastro-intestinal ailment, had made a point of voting in person.

Rome police arrested Angela Fiorentini, 51, yesterday and released her after she had been charged with beating her husband and locking him up because of jealousy. According to police, Mrs. Fiorentini and her husband, Cesare, 58, had an argument Monday. Mrs. Fiorentini tried to make Cesare confess to a love affair.

She got the upper hand and locked him up in the house. Police quoted her as saying, he could stay there until he had confessed. Police freed the man after he managed to slip a note beneath the door asking for help. He was taken to a hospital suffering from exhaustion and minor injuries. Mrs. Fiorentini was jailed and charged with threatening a man, beating and injuring him and depriving him of freedom.

Cesar Enrique Sanchez, a native of Ecuador, yesterday was arrested after he had been charged with a new name to go with his new citizenship. The young soldier from Fort Hood in central Texas is scheduled for an assignment in Germany next week. He said the name switch was for "personal reasons." The new name? Kraynovik Dennis Kraynovik.

Mail Obscurism?—A Clovis, Calif., mailman, sent him after reporting for work in knee-

length shorts, says the post office is "discriminating against him." William Claybaugh, said he wore the shorts to work Tuesday because they're more comfortable in the 100-degree heat of central California. He was ordered home because his uniform didn't conform to post regulations. "I think there is little discrimination," Claybaugh said. "They let the women wear short skirts, slacks and culottes, but make the men wear the long pants." Claybaugh was off duty Wednesday from long pants.

Raphael Minichello, the former U.S. marine who hijacked a private airplane from California to Rome, is out of a job again and has brought suit against his most recent employer. Minichello, 21, claims in the suit that he was fired by Rome's de luxe Grand Hotel after only 10 days as a cashier for the summer. He accused the hotel manager, Nicolo Fasano, of "defamation of character" by referring to him as a "madman and a criminal."

The ex-marine charges that the references, made before other hotel employees, offended his "honor and reputation."

Minichello hijacked the TWA jet airplane to Rome in 1968. He was sentenced to seven and a half years in jail, but was released in May, 1971, after serving 18 months.

Before landing the job at the Grand Hotel, a favorite of touring Americans, he had worked as a waiter, a day laborer and a bartender.

In his suit, Minichello says he has been unable to find a job and is "desperate."

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